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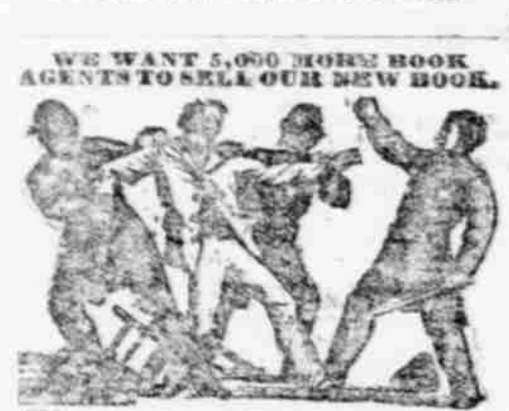

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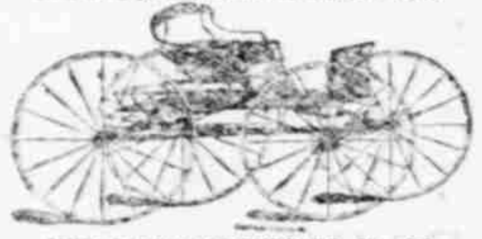

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The Tortilita Mines.

The Leading Mining Properties of the Country.

Their Marvelous Richness in Gold and Silver.

A Safe and Profitable Investment for all.

From the New York *Star*, Aug. 27, 1887.

The mines of the Tortilita Gold and Silver Mining Company, of No. 57 Broadway, New York have become the most favorably known property of this class in America. Their great value has been demonstrated by new and continuous discoveries of vast bodies of rich ore as the work goes on, and investers in the shares of the company are from all sections and all classes in the country.

The Tortilitas are developed, proven and working mines. The shares are an absolute security, as they are based on property worth many times what they call for. Shares are for sale in any sized lots from one share to ten thousand. There is no safer or better investment.

Receipts for $150,000 in bullion taken out of these mines during their development can be seen at the company's office.

The demand for the shares is increasing daily. They are the favorite investment everywhere with all. The Tortilita shares are not affected by Wall street panics. They are an investment security pure and simple.

The Tortilitas have lately been examined and reported upon favorbly by the Tucson (Ariz.) *Star*, published within sight of the mines; the Florence (Ariz.) *Enterprise* and the Hartford *Post*. These and other leading journals have published articles pronouncing the mines worth many times more than they are capitalized for.

The sale of the stock is being conducted upon a different plan from that generally employed, the management offering the shares direct for investment in any sized lots instead of making it a stock speculation.

The Hartford *Post*, in the full page article referred to, says:

WHAT THE HARTFORD "POST" SAYS.

Just now the newspapers have a great deal to say respecting a wonderful group of twelve gold and silver mines in southern Arizona, in the Owl's Head mining district, known as the Tortilita mines. As the readers of the *Post* are certain to be interested in these remarkable mines, which for some time to come are likely to be the centre of attraction for investors in mining stock, we take pleasure in presenting some facts gleaned from reliable sources in furtherance of the *Post's* constant purpose to place before its readers in available form every good thing which the market affords.

THE GREAT TORTILITA.

A well-known gentleman from the East, who is an expert in mining enterprises, for his own personal gratification, made an examination of the Tortilita mines last month, and we are fortunately able to print his report here. We give his report in his own words:

"On arriving at the camp I inquired for the Superintendent of the mines, Mr. D. T. Elmore. I found Mr. Elmore a gentleman of about 50 years of age, a typical western man, well bronzed with the hot suns of this semi-tropical climate and the exposure resulting from thirty years' active mining life on the Pacific coast."

THE SUPERINTENDENT'S STATEMENT.

In reply to a question Mr. Elmore said: "I came here to take charge of this property three years ago. We have subsequently added to it by purchase and otherwise until we control all the valuable rights in the district. I have seen all the best mines in America, and worked in them, and I tell you here and now that the Tortilitas are the greatest and best of their class on the American continent."

EXPLORING THE MINES.

After a good night's rest I began a survey of the field with Mr. Elmore. We drove a mile and a half northerly to the By Chance Mine, where we found the men at work in four places. In shaft A, which is a distance of 190 feet from the south center end of the claim, ore is uncovered for a distance of several hundred feet, and in this distance, varying from 50 to 160 feet apart, are four other openings running parallel. We went down an incline for thirty feet, and there a great wall of ore and a true fissure vein was disclosed to me. From this point I went through a tunnel and was shown large bodies of ore above me. We then returned and went down fifty feet further and there measured a breast of ore forty-two and a-half feet wide, from which I took samples to the mill and saw worked, yielding an average of $50 per ton. In three places on this vein below the water ore has been uncovered, and the vein shown to be four feet wide and of unknown length and depth. This demonstrates the great value of this property, for, as all mining men know, this concentration below the water level proves the permanency and value of a mine. The ore changes in character and becomes richer. I could see thousands of tons of ore in sight that only needs sufficient mill capacity to produce unlimited quantities of bullion. I saw the ore extracted from the earth, bro't to the surface and turned into bullion under my own eyes.

OPINION OF THE FOREMAN.

Here I encountered the foreman under Mr. Elmore, an old, grizzled, storm-beaten, honest-visaged, miner, named McGovern. Said he:

"I have worked on the Comstocks, I have been in the Silver King and other great mines. I have followed this business all my life. This is the richest property for its depth and development that I have ever seen, and you can hold me responsible for this statement—the Tortilitas will prove the best mines ever discovered on the Pacific slope. This one mine which I am now working in is worth more than a million dollars itself."

We then proceeded to the surface, and were taken to the abode of McGovern and shown the Jesse Benton mine, the sister property to the By Chance, 1,500 feet further north. This mine is considered in this section of the country even a better property than the By Chance, great as it is, on account of the large amount of ore that has been extracted and the development that has been done upon it. The ore is extremely rich, and there is a great deal of native silver. The pay streak is two and a half feet wide. This mine has a reputation second to none in this section of the country, and its product has been extraordinary.

After taking dinner at Mr. Elmore's, we drove a mile and a half southerly and examined the Red Peach, the Lazy Sleeper and Desert mines. The two former are good mines. The Desert has a peculiar formation, from which $36,000 has been taken out, with two shafts from 100 to 160 feet, and the smoothest kind of walls. There is an unlimited amount of profitable ore in sight and many believe this mine itself is worth the capital of the company. The Red Peach has probably a hundred tons of ore on its dump, with four shafts varying from sixty to a hundred feet deep.

The Lazy Sleeper, too, has a great development upon it.

The Golden Eagle is a gold mine of fine promise, from which I saw certificates of large yields.

WONDERFUL FIGURES.

Asked what improvements were contemplated, Mr. Elmore said: "We can easily supply three twenty-stamp mills for an indefinate period on the properties. They would work 180 tons of ore per day, at an average of $50 per ton. At a low estimate this would be $9,000 per day.

"With proper machinery this can be worked at an expense of $10 per ton, which would be $1,800 per day, leaving net per day $7,200, or for thirty days $216,000, or for a year $2,562,000, which will be over two and a half times our capital stock each year; but at first we shall start with a twenty-stamp mill, which should give us $800,000 per year net, or 80 per cent., per annum on our capital stock. I am now bending every effort to attain these results. We are negotiating now for hoisting works and a forty-stamp mill, and I hope soon to obtain them. Meanwhile we shall continue to run our little five-stamp mill, and develop and improve the property all in our power. I know of no investment in America that will pay as well as the shares of our company.

WORTH MANY MILLIONS.

After a week's time spent at the mines in daily examination of the work, in seeing assays made, watching the battery samples and seeing the ore retorting and running into bullion and stamped, and reading certificates of $150,000 for bullion shipped to the Bank of California in the last two years, and seeing one bar of 2,400 ounces sent forward while I was there, I left impressed with the fact that the Tortilita deserved the confidence of the public, and that the management in New York had far underestimated its value in their statements. I found property worth anywhere from $10,000,000, to $50,000,000, and possibly $100,000,000, as the Comstocks have proven to be, and have made thousands of men rich. I found the Tortilita not only a great property, but one that is managed in the best way. It has a jewel in Mr. Elmore, the superintendent, who is as honest as he is able, the essential thing that interests the stockholders after the value of the property.

I feel assured that in the near future the Tortilita mining camp will become one of the largest on the Pacific coast with the necessary machinery for working the mines.

Driving back to Tucson I remained there a short time, and found the Tortilita exciting more attention than any other mining property in the Territory, and there are some rich ones there. For example, the Silver King, not far distant, has paid $2,000,000 ($20 per share) in dividends from one mine alone, while the Tortilita company has twelve. The Raymat and Vikol, in another direction, have turned out millions, and made their owners rich, as have the renowned Tombstones and Quijotoa. The Tortilitas are on the tongue of everybody, and Mr. Elmore is looked for with bullion every month as regularly as the month comes round.

THE MANAGEMENT.

Before any further reference is made to the mining properties briefly described above, it will be proper to say something about the personnel of the company into whose possession these mines and their accessories have come; for the readers of the *Post* are always inquisitive concerning new acquaintances. The Tortilita Gold and Silver Mining Company has for its president Mr. Joseph H. Reall, president also of the American Agricultural and Dairy Association, and well known among the farmers of America, an experienced business man, well versed in financial matters, whose name is prominently mentioned for Vice President of the United States with Cleveland, as the representative of the agricultural interests; and Rodman M. Price, Jr., the secretary, is a well known mining and civil engineer, who has just returned from an eight years' residence in Arizona, where he selected the Tortilitas as the best mines in the Territory. He is a worthy son of his distinguished father, ex Governor Price.

THE PROPERTY SELF-SUSTAINING.

This property, unlike most mining enterprises inviting capital, is a producing and self-sustaining one, with a 5-stamp mill in good order, which has been running for nearly three years continually; the mill has just been furnished with new cams, dies and tappets, which puts the plant really in as good order as when built; nine tons of ore are worked per day, while with a 20-stamp mill to be erected forty tons can be worked at but slight additional expense, and over $5,000 per day earned.

WHAT PRESIDENT REALL SAYS.

President Reall, in a recent interview, printed in the Boston *Globe*, said:

"When the former owners of the Tortilita came to me with their properties, recommended by some of the best men in America for their personal worth, they asked me to accept the presidency of the company and raise capital to extend their work. I investigated the enterprise thoroughly, only to find that their representations were far beneath what the facts would bear, and I am getting daily proofs of the greater value of the property. When I took hold of the enterprise I determined to apply the business principles to it which I had learned by twenty years' active experience. I realized the prejudices that had to be met and the difficulties that had to be overcome. I determined to handle mining stock the same as any regular commodity—that is, to sell it on its merits for what it was worth. The public have recognized the value of the enterprise far beyond my expectations, and have shown their confidence in it to a greater extent than was ever shown before. I found investors ready for an enterprise conducted on sound business principles, and they will reap their reward. I do not know whether the stock will pay $1 or $2 per share in dividends, but I do know it is cheap at $2 the present price, and many believe it will eventually sell for ten times that figure. Three of the mines are now being operated, and either of them are demonstrated to be exceptionally rich in ore and worth far more than the entire capital stock of the company, not counting the other mines."

The final and clinching evidence in regard to these properties is found in the following from the Tucson *Star*, published near the mines, whose editor, Mr. L. C. Hughes, is a leading mine expert and personally familiar with the subject concerning which he writes. He says:

"One of the best evidencet of the future of these mines is the fact that from the beginning the output of bullion has paid for every dollar's worth of development. Not a dollar expended which has not come out of the mines. And this means much, for the mines have not been operated so much to take out ore as to ascertain from prospecting the true merits of the mines. However many thousands of dollars was expended in dead work in sinking prospect shafts, drifting, timbering and tunneling to learn the extent, richness and permanency of the ore lodes. These facts have been well determined. During these developments nearly $175,000 of bullion has been produced by these mines and under adverse conditions. A twenty or forty stamp mill is what the district needs. With the present management and such a mill the Tortilita mining district would be the largest bullion producer in Arizona. The ore is there. The water and wood is there in abundance. Everything is favorable to the working of these mines and the production of bullion

SURROUNDED WITH ALL THE CONDITIONS FOR SUCCESS.

The fact is the Tortilita mines are surrounded with all the conditions necessary to a prosperous mining camp. Add to this the fact that the management of D. T. Elmore, an experienced mining and mill man of twenty years in the mines and mills of the Pacific slope, especially in the mines of Nevada. Thus the company is assured against the blunders and incompetency of an inexperienced management, which has been the cause of so many mining failures all over the country. Mr. Elmore knows every detail necessary to the successful management of a mining property, which insures the best results from these mines.

Regularly every month a shipment of silver bullion has been made from these mines through the Tucson bankers to San Francisco. It is well known that a large amount of development and prospecting has been going on, with the product of the mines paying all expenses, and the credit of the company the very best.

This group of mines contains enough of rich mineral to make a flourishing bullion camp for many years to come, with splendid returns to the fortunate owners of the magnificent property.

* * *

From the Arizona *Weekly Enterprise* August 16, 1887,

Pinal county is famous for the extent and permanency of its mines, many of them being wonders in their way, yielding rich returns to their fortunate owners and constantly improving with further developments The Silver King, the Vekol, the Mammoth, and the mines of the Tortilita Gold and Silver Mining Company at the Owl Heads are each steady producers, and they stand upon their merits as brilliant examples of the successful industry—not lottery—of mining.

A representative of the *Enterprise* visited the Owl Heads this week and made a thorough examination of the mines and camp. The bullion produced and shipped since the mill started closely approximates $175,000—a most remarkable output under the circumstances.

The increase in the capacity of the mill is a necessity that the company now chiefly depends upon, for the mines are capable of supplying far more ore than such a mill can reduce.

CONCLUSION.

The shares of the Tortilita Company are being taken all over the country for investment by bankers, merchants, farmers, mechanics and laboring men and women. They can only be bought now by private subscription, and those wishing to purchase will do well to send in their orders at once, as the books will soon be closed preparatory to calling the stock on the board. The shares can now be bought at par in any sized lots from one share to 5,000 direct from the company's office, No. 57 Broadway, and R. J. Dean & Co., Bankers, 302 Greenwich street, New York.

It is believed that the Tortilita is one of the soundest and best mining enterprise yet brought to the attention of the public, and that those who invest in it will reap handsome returns. They are at least sure of a safe investment and good dividends.

There is but a portion of the stock for sale, and that is for the purpose of putting up the additional machinery required.—*New York Star.*

LITTLE THINGS, WORTH KNOWING.—Death is one universal privilege.

Good manners and good morals are twins.

There is a man in Pittsburg named Whelan who lives on crude petroleum.

Few people are averse, no matter how little they like verse, to take a chunk of the universe.

They must be economical girls who lace tight, seeing they do it to prevent waistfulness.

The dude generally shines at the wrong end. There is more polish on his boots than in his brains.

Beware of the man who listens much and talks little. He is getting your thunder and saving his own lightning.

A watering place is popular in warm weather, but most folks find a beering-place good enough any time of the year.

Girls who flirt should remember that the maiden who covers the most laps is not likely to win a prize in the matrimonial race.

Hammer the man who tell it, if he be one you can get away with easily, is the surest way "to nail a lie" so that it will stay nailed.

The Constitution of Costa Rica prescribes hospitality as a sacred duty, and declares citizenship to be forfeited by ingratitude to parents, the abandonment of wife or children and neglect of any obligations due the family.

A man at Watson Springs, Georgia, says that during the recent freshet he saw a watermelon patch washed from away up the river. He observed half a melon floating along with a good sized pig sitting in one end and eating out of the other end as placidly as if in a pen.

How the Exiled Emperor Fared at St. Helena.

M. Charles Monselet has discovered in the memoirs of Careme, a famous cook, some interesting details of the life of Napoleon at St. Helena. He has given these to the world, after expressing a conviction that it is not without interest "to know what a tyrant can eat." Napoleon's house staff, taken with him from France, included a maitre d'hotel, a chef d'office, a head cook and a pastry cook. Four Chinese servants were added on the arrival of the exile and his attendants at the island. The nationality of this supplementary staff is cause of grief to Careme, who says: "M. Lepage (the chief cook) was doubtless the first French cook to find himself in such a difficult position—four Chinese men to assist him in his work! I repeat it, this position is the worst that could try a purveyor for the table; still, they set to work with the four Chinese. Apparently Napoleon was not a troublesome animal to feed. He had a particular liking for blood pudding, and they let him have all he wanted. Other favorite dishes were fowls a la Merengo, such entrees as could be fried vol-au-vent, and, being an Italian, maccaroni in all styles of serving. He had also a weakness for pastry and side dishes composed of sweetmeats. His breakfast usually consisted of a porridge made from sorrel or from any thing else, provided it was cooling; breast of lamb well broiled and served with thin gravy; a small roast fowl or two cutlets and sometimes vegetables, but those raised on the island were good for nothing. For dinner, a partridge, one releve, two entrees, a roast, and the indispensable sweetmeats and pastry. Sir Hudson Low provided the materials, and, of course, these were detestable, according to Careme, who says: "The poor cook for the Emperor was often made unhappy by receiving a lean fore-quarter of beef, while the Governor kept the hind-quarter for himself. There was no game on the island. Two or three times a year partridges and pheasants would come, but the Governor would grab them for his own table, and sent very few to the Emperor." Napoleon had his whims. One day he ordered "a soldier's soup." The cook, astonished, did not think it necessary to answer the demand literally, and made a soup with a very little bread, so light that the beans could be seen. Napoleon was not so easily humbugged. He sent for the cook.

"I believe that you were a soldier?"

"Yes, sire."

"Then you must know very well that this is not a soldier's soup."

"Excuse me, sire. I believed—I thought—"

"That will do. Make me a better one to-morrow."

The cook did not repeat his performance, and the next day served a soup so thick with bread and beans that a spoon could be stood erect in it. Napoleon was satisfied, but he ate very little of it, and never called for it again. And then Careme propounds this philosophical query: "What was the purpose of this great Captain in ordering a soldier's soup?" Another time Napoleon ordered from his Chinese retainers a dinner of Chinese viands. But he could not touch it.

Curious Facts About Flowers.

Within the Antartic circle there has never a flowering plant been found. In the Arctic region there are seven hundred and sixty-two kinds of flowers; fifty of these are confined to the Arctic region. They are really polar flowers. The colors of these polar flowers are not as bright and varied as are our own, most of them being white or yellow, as if borrowing these hardy hues from their snowy bergs and golden starts.

Perhaps the most beautiful of all our everlastings, that longest defy the autumn frosts and most brighten our winter bouquets, are white and yellow varieties. The rose of Florida, the most beautiful of flowers, has no perfume. The cypress of Greece, the finest of trees, bears no fruit. The bird of paradise, the most beautiful of birds, gives no song; and some of the loveliest of human forms have the least soul.

The Dorosidæ family of flowers, Ruskin tells us, including the five great orders—lilies, asphodels, amaryllids, and rushes—have more varied and healthful influence on man than any other tribes of flowers. Nature seems to have made flowers as types of character and emblems of women. So we name our children after them, and always intuitively compare a lovely, beautiful child to a flower. We say the timid snow-drop, the modest violet, the languid primrose, the coy lily, the flaunting marigold, the lowly, blushing daisy, the proud fox-glove, the deadly night-shade, the sleepy poppy, and the sweet, solitary eglantine; these are all types. Flowers have their historical associations and individuality. The verbena, our great favorite, twenty-three centuries ago covered the altar of the gods. Virgil tells us the shepherds used it with frankincense in a spell designed to win the love of Daphne. The Turks cultivate whole fields of roses, from which they make the famous attar-of-roses, so fragrant that every thing touched with a drop of it seems never to lose its smell.

In some plants the flowers sleep during the night and the leaves during the day. Leaves will always face the sky and the earth; flowers will affect all kinds of positions. Some flowers have very great lifting power. A gentleman who owned a cask of sweet wine tells us that he placed it in an empty cellar in order to allow it to mature, and when he went for it years after, it had risen from the floor of the cellar to the ceiling, having been borne upward, as it were, on the shoulders of the fungi, with which plants the apartment was filled. Mushrooms have been known to raise a paving-stone from the pavement weighing eighty pounds. A growing pumpkin, in the course of its development, sometimes lifts two and a half tons. Plants like the calla, natives of warm climates, should be watered with warm water. They will thrive better, and bloom more and longer.

Poor Carlotta.

There has been a slight improvement in the condition of the Empress Carlotta of late. She had a momentary recovery of her intelligence and memory one day last week. A young Austrian lady who has been acting as her *dame de compagnie* for some time past, and who happens to be an accomplished musician, sat down to the piano a few evenings ago, after the Empress had retired to her apartments for the night, and played, among other things, the Mexican National hymn. Just as she was finishing the last bar the Empress appeared at the door of the room. She gave a piercing cry, uttered her husband's name, and fell senseless on the floor. This is the first indication which she has given for several years of any reminiscence of the terrible catastrophe which cost her the loss of reason, and her physicians base favorable anticipations on the incident.

COLONIES of bees that have been wintered in warm cellars should not be brought out too soon, as the changes will be too sudden. It is early enough to place the hives outside when natural pollen comes in.

LIABILITY OF BANK DIRECTORS.

The Supreme Court of Illinois has recently rendered an important decision in relation to the liability of bank directors. Mr. Gardiner Case was a depositor in the Bunker Hill Bank, at Bunker Hill, Ill., which bank became insolvent while holding his deposits. He brought a suit against the directors of the bank individually for the recovery of these deposits, claiming that if the deposits were received when the directors, by the exercise of due diligence, might, and therefore should, have known that the bank was insolvent, they were legally liable for such deposits. The court of Macoupin County that tried the case in the first instance, gave judgment in his favor, upon the facts as shown by the evidence; and then the defendants appealed to the Appellate Court, and by this court the judgment of the court below was affirmed. The defendants then carried the case to the Supreme Court of the state, and here again the judgment was affirmed, thus settling the law of Illinois on this subject.

The doctrine laid down by the court embraces these two principles:

"*First*, That the directors of a bank are trustees for the depositors, as well as for the stockholders.

"*Second*, That they are bound to the observance of ordinary care and diligence, and are liable for injuries resulting from its non-observance."

The second of these propositions results, by a legal necessity, from the first one. If it be true that bank directors are trustees for depositors, then it follows that if the latter suffer injury by the non-performance of duty on the part of the former, such depositors are entitled to have the injury made good by the delinquent directors. The court held this to be a sound principle of law.

Bank-directors, in cases not a few, are mere 'figure-heads,' lending their names to banking institutions and imparting credit to them in the general community, but practically leaving the whole question of bank management to bank officers, and themselves knowing little or nothing about this management. This is one of common causes of insolvencies and defalcations. Such directors do not perform their duty to the depositors or stockholders. They virtually deceive the public; they are not in fact what they profess to be; and if a bank becomes insolvent as a consequence, then all parties injured thereby have a just cause of action against them. Let the principles laid down by the Supreme Court of Illinois be adopted as a general rule; and the effect would be to sharpen up the wits of bank directors and make them more attentive to their duties. This would be good for banks, and good for the general public.

The horrible misuse of bank funds made by the Vice-president of the Fidelity National Bank, of Cincinnati, in the recent gambling "wheat deal" at Chicago, raises the question of liability on the part of the directors of that bank. If the immense loss that has fallen upon depositors, as well as upon stockholders, can be shown to be due to any negligence on the part of the directors properly to perform their duty, then, according to the doctrine stated by the Supreme Court of Illinois, these directors are legally liable therefor, and suits ought to be brought against them. This is a most conspicuous case of virtually stealing bank funds; and all parties responsible therefor should suffer for it.—*Independent.*

Omens of the Dog.

The Hindus of India and the Sinhalese of Ceylon observe various good and bad omens in reference to the dog. The Hindus especially have great faith in them. Pictures of dogs are kept in their dewalas. They believe that Siva became a dog. It lives among them and is sometimes called "Bahirawaya" and sometimes "Virasvamiya."

However that may be, if these omens in respect of the dog are true, it is worth the while of all people to value it tens of thousands of times more than an ornament set with pearls or precious gems. It is proper that every-body in the world should have at least one in his house. But they must be dogs having tails, for without the tail it is difficult for it to show good and bad omens.

If a man who went on a journey met with a dog scratching its head, ear or any other part of its body with its right leg soon after leaving the house, he is sure that his journey will be attended with great success; but if it were to scratch in this manner by its left leg, he is sure of loss and danger. If a number of dogs were to howl for two or three mornings looking at the rising sun, the people should know that the houses in that village shall be destroyed by fire, or thieves will enter into them. Should they howl at midday, it is a sign of death. Should they howl in the evening time, the crop of the paddy-fields shall be destroyed. If a dog were to dig a pit opposite the house one of the inmates shall die, sometimes a child, if any. If a dog were to get upon the roof of a house in whatever way, and were he to howl being there, somebody in that house shall die. If a dog were to dig a pit in the garden, the owner thereof shall lose cattle; if it were to dig at the bottom of a wall of a house, thieves will enter into that house.

According to the belief of the Hindus, the dog is a great friend of the farmer. If it were to howl being on a bush, it shall rain. If it were to smell the right knee of a farmer he knows that his cattle will soon be multiplied, and rejoices. If however the left knee be smelt, he shall quarrel with his wife. If a dog were to jump upon a bed and were to groan in a lamentable tone without any cause, the sleeper of the bed shall fall ill or die. It is very good to breed black dogs, for all omens in respect of them are good; besides, it will take care of the inmates of the house from the fear of ghosts.

Labor in Japan.

Perhaps it is because amusement is considered so important in Japan that labor makes but slight demands upon the energies of the people. A sojourner in that happy land writes:

"The year before last I had to employ two plasterers to repair a place in the wall of a house, where a piece of plaster of two feet square had fallen off. The two artists turned up at ten o'clock in the morning, and, sitting down upon a couple of empty wine cases, lit their pipes. At about half past ten one approached the damaged place within a yard, took a mental photograph of it, and sat down again. At eleven o'clock a mutual friend appeared, who was warmly welcomed, and, after smoking a pipe or two, amused them by standing upon his head, and by that time they had got very hungry, and made a pause of two hours for tiffin. Pipes again. Then the one who had earnestly sounded the wall, knocked another piece of plaster down. Pipes again. By five in the afternoon they had made the hole about three times the original size, and were so thoroughly exhausted that they left off. Next day a stray drop of water—wherever it may have come from—lighted on one fellow's nose, and made them conclude it was going to rain, so that no work could be done in the afternoon. Well, to cut matter short, those two square feet of plaster — that is, river mud — cost me three dollars, though wages are but forty-five cents per day.

SUBJECTS OF THOUGT.

DISCOURAGE cunning in a child; cunning is the ape of wisdom.

HEALTH is wealth, although the latter often destroyes the former.

FALSEHOOD and fraud shoot up in every soil, the product of all climes.

WHAT it is our duty to do we must do because it is right, not because any one can demand it of us.

MERRIMENT is always the effect of a sudden impression. The jest which is expected is already destroyed.

THE doubts of an honest man contain more moral truth than the profession of faith of people under a worldly yoke.

THERE is some help for all the defects of fortune; for if a man cannot attain to the length of his wishes, he may have his remedy by cutting of them shorter.

MEDITATION is that exercise of the mind by which it recalls a known truth, as some kind of creatures do their food, to be ruminated upon till all vicious parts be extracted.

'Tis all men's office to speak patience to those that wring under the load of sorrow; but no man's virtue nor sufficiency to be so moral when he shall endure the like himself.

You can take the dirtiest, laziest loafer in the city and put him in a bar-room in a white apron, and in ten days he will have more political influence in his ward than the smartest preacher in the Community.

THE disciple is not above his master. He is looking ever to him. Expect whatever great reward be in his grace may bestow—not here, not here—but in that kingdom the coming of which you will hasten, the new heavens and the new earth, wherein dwelleth righteousness.

IF our bad unspoken thoughts are registered against us and are written in the awful account, will not the good thoughts unspoken, the love and tenderness, the pity, beauty, charity, which pass through the breast, and cause the heart to throb with silent good, find a remembrance too?

THE witticism of the late Mr. Beecher's *bon mot*, "Some people pray cream, and live skim-milk," applies to too many. They profess and promise much, but are shockingly delinquent in the performance of duties which gives the best proof of piety. To blemish a good creed by bad living is certainly blamable.

FRIENDSHIP and love differ mainly in this—that whereas the felicity of friendship consists in a mutual interchange of benefits, intellectual and other, that of love is in giving on one part and receiving on the other, with a reciprocal perception of how sweet it is to the endower to endow and the receiver to receive.

WHATEVER is in us must come out, feebleness or strength, wisdom or folly, good or evil. Pride in our heart inevitably shows itself in our lives. Selfishness in heart means selfishness in every walk of society. Christians sometimes act as if they could indulge in unchristian thoughts and feelings and keep them a secret. Just as well have smallpox kept to one's self.

WITHOUT resistance no power of insistence can ever be gained, and without suffering the consequence of mistakes and errors we should never learn to avoid them. Plato tells us "that just penalties are the best gifts of the body;" and Goethe said he never had an affliction that he did not turn into a poem. The daylight must fade before we can behold the shining worlds around us, and the rigor of winter must be endured before our hearts can thrill with delight at the approach of spring.

THERE are many who do not believe in devotion for marriage, but it cannot be filled without special protection from God. Young men and women who take that step, bear well in mind that marriage is one of the most important in life. You have but one life to live and no earthly considerations can pay you for a life of unhappiness. A good wife is given to those who fear God. A good wife, therefore, is given to man for his good deeds, and a good husband is bestowed upon a woman for her goodness.

"THE power to converse well is a very great charm," says Ruskin. "You think anybody can talk. How mistaken you are! Anybody can chatter. Anybody can exchange idle gossip. Anybody can recapitulate the troubles of the kitchen, the cost of the last new dress, and the probable doings of the neighbors. But to talk wisely, instructively, freshly, and delightfully is an immense accomplishment. It implies exertion, observation, study of books and people, and receptivity of impression. Plato banished the musicians from his feasts that the charms of conversation might have no interference; but in our later fashions many prefer music rather then the gossip of the hour, which often degenerates into trivialities wearisome and commonplace."

Story of Macaulay.

A correspondent of the *Critic* relates the following story of Macaulay:—

"When I was in London in the fifties, among my haunts was an old, low-ceiled tavern, with a sanded floor two feet below the level of the side walk. I used to go there and drink 'alf and 'alf. One day, while I was sitting beside a table, a large man in a cloak entered. His face was round, pale, and heavy but the eyes were bright, and his bushy eyebrows slid up and down with quick changes of expression. He sat down at the table next to mine, and directly a waiter came in with a big plate of bread and cheese, and a glass of ale, and set it before him. He ate and drank heartily, and after finishing his lunch sat upright and rested his hands on a heavy cane. Suddenly he reached for his empty glass and hurled it on the floor with all his strength, smashing it into slivers. He sat for a minute longer, then got up slowly, 'tipped' the waiter, paid his reckoning at the bar, and passed out. He had not uttered a word. The waiter got a broom, swept up the pieces of glass, and cleaned the table. I asked him if the gentleman's intellect was a little in need of repair. 'Oh, no, sir,' said he. 'That's nothing unusual with 'im, sir. W'y, he's broke maybe a 'undred glasses since he's been a-comin' to this 'ouse. 'E don't know when 'e does it. 'E's a-thinkin', and it seems like as he got tired at something 'e was thinkin' about.' 'Who is he?' 'Lord Macaulay, sir.'"

Violations of Business Honor.

An old mercantile authority says that honor is violated when a man uses information confidentially intrusted to him to anticipate the informer. A man violates the laws of honor when he takes advantage of another's unskilfulness or inexperience, or the technicalities of the law to impose on him. A man acts dishonorably when he does not make sacrifices to pay his debts promptly; when he attempts to raise his market price to get away his neighbor's customers; when he is unmindful of favors; when he does not allow his clerks and dependents to share his prosperity, and in all cases when he does acts which, if thoroughly understood, would tend to lower him in the estimation of his customers or of any good man.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - SEPT. 16, 1887.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT:
J. ROSS THOMPSON, of Erie county.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. J. McGRANN, of Lancaster county.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR TREASURER:
THOMAS E. HOWE, Cambria.
FOR COMMISSIONERS:
JOHN KIRBY, Johnstown.
JOHN CAMPBELL, Conemaugh.
FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR.
GEORGE W. EASLY, Johnstown.
FOR AUDITORS.
J. W. GRIFFIN, Munster Twp.
LOUIS ROLAND, Johnstown.

THE hearing of arguments in the appeal of Jacob Sharp began before the State Supreme Court of New York on Tuesday last.

THE Supreme Court of Illinois on Tuesday last, at Ottawa, affirmed the decision of the lower court overruling the motion for a new trial made by the counsel of the convicted Chicago Anarchists, and fixed the date for their execution on Friday, November 11th.

THE *World* says that at the anti-Poverty meeting held in New York on last Sunday evening Dr. McGlynn made an appeal to his audience for $50,000 as a campaign fund. From this it will be seen, adds the same paper, that it requires considerable capital at times to abolish poverty.

WILLIAM WASHINGTON, who, up to his death, was the nearest living relative to George Washington, and who was the last male representative of the name, died on last Sunday morning at his home in Owensboro, Ky. He was 87 years of age, and in many respects was a most interesting character.

HON. WASHINGTON BARTLETT, Governor of California, died at Sacramento, on last Monday morning after a critical illness of over a month. He was elected Governor of the State on the Democratic ticket in November last. He will be succeeded in office by Lieutenant Governor R. W. Waterman, who was elected at the same time on the Republican ticket.

THE Pennsylvania railroad is apparently booming in the way of business this year. The statement of business for July just made public, in comparison with the same month of 1886, shows an increase in net earnings of $92,913. The seven months in 1887, as compared with the same period in 1886, shows an increase in net earnings of $1,207,672. All lines west of Pittsburg and Erie for the seven months in 1887, show a surplus over all liabilities of $197,592, being a gain as compared with the same period in 1886, of $719,902.

MR. WILLIAM O'BRIEN, the well known Home Rule agitator was arrested by the English authorities in Dublin on Sunday last and put in prison. He is charged with sedition which is a convenient term under which the minions of the Government in Ireland include any attact upon its outrages. O'Brien is a bold and fearless patriot, a true lover of Ireland and her cause, and his arrest and imprisonment will still further inflame the Irish people and show to the English voters the inevitable result of the coercion policy.

THE Centennial Celebration of the Signing of the Constitution of the United States began yesterday at Philadelphia and will end to-morrow. The largest crowd, both civil and military, that ever assembled in that city was expected to be there to-day. The event which is being celebrated is only secondary in importance, if it is even that, to the Declaration of Independence which preceeded it a little over eleven years. The President and nearly all the Governors of the thirty-eight States will participate in the closing ceremonies to-morrow.

EX-GOVERNOR WASHBURN, of Massachusetts, is in danger of being read out of the party. He says of the Republican proposition to reduce the surplus by taking the taxes off whisky and tobacco: "The duties on the necessities of life should be taken off as far as possible. The internal revenue duties on liquors and tobacco should not be reduced a penny. These articles should be taxed as high as possible." That is pretty serious, but what follows is so much more so that we do not see how it can be condoned: "I am a Republican still, and shall probably remain so all my life, but I am free to say that Mr. Cleveland has made a capable and honest President. He has made good appointments, and bad appointments, but the pressure on any President is always tremendous, and I think Mr. Cleveland has done what he thougth was right."

DENNIS KEARNEY who was a power in California politics a few years ago, but who suddently disappeared from public view, is about to make his appearance in New York city and, as is given out, explode a bomb-shell under Henry George, the anti-Poverty prophet. George was a former citizen of San Francisco where Dennis was the beloved orator of the "Sand lots," and it is said that he has papers and documents in his possession which will show up George and demonstrate that he is not the angel that he is now regarded by his followers. If Dennis still carries with him the same dictionary from which he gathered the choice epithets with which he so liberally garnished his speeches on the San Francisco "sand lots," he will undoubtedly make the campaign very interesting for Henry George. But whether it will be useful or otherwise is another and quite a different question.

THE Revenue Commission re-assembled at Harrisburg on Monday last in pursuance of a resolution adopted before its adjournment at Cresson in August, and on Tuesday evening completed its labors. Some very important amendments were made to the bill and a subcommittee of five was selected to change its phraseology to make the different sections harmonize, and also to make any other corrections as to matters of form that may suggest themselves. This Committee will meet at Philadelphia to day (Friday) when the signatures of the members of the Commission will be attached to the bill which will then be laid before the Governor. After the Commission had finished its work Senator Thomas V. Cooper offered the following which was adopted:

WHEREAS, The Revenue Commission appointed pursuant to a joint resolution of the session of 1887 has completed its labors by substantial agreement upon a bill which, as far as a division of the revenues to be derived from the 3 mill tax upon moneys at interest with the City and County Treasuries of the Commonwealth is concerned, is practically the same as the last bill, and in other respects a simplification of our corporate tax laws; therefore

RESOLVED, That a preliminary report be submitted to the Governor of the Commonwealth, with a view to afford him an opportunity to call an extra session of the Legislature, to the end that local taxation may be relieved by the passage of the bill in time to meet the assessments of next year, in which event no revenues will have been lost either to the State or the people by the failure to properly return to the Governor the Revenue bill of the recent regular session of the Legislature.

IT was rumored a short time ago that ex-Governor Pattison, of this State, is to be offered the position of Secretary of the Interior in place of Mr. Lamar, who is said to be the President's choice for the vacancy on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States. Although Mr. Cleveland has a very high opinion of Governor Pattison's administrative ability, we hardly believe that there is any solid foundation for the newspaper report above referred to. At the same time no man who is familiar with Governor Pattison's antecedents as Controller of Philadelphia as well as Governor of the State, entertains the shadow of a doubt that he possesses in an eminent degree the very qualifications required in a thorough going and fearless Secretary of the Interior. No other Department of the government covering as it does so wide a field of operations, requires such constant watching in order to prevent dishonest officials from carrying out their big as well as their little schemes of plunder and rapacity, and especially so in regard to the treatment of the Indians. Governor Pattison has as keen a scent for the track of a scoundrel as a hound has for that of a fox, and if he was Secretary of the Interior he would take good care that no guilty man should escape.

JUDGE HARRY WHITE, of Indiana, attended the reunion of canal boatmen of the old Pennsylvania canal at Blairsville on yesterday week, and in an after dinner address to the large crowd present reiterated his belief that the Kiskiminetas and Conemaugh rivers would at some time in the future become navigable by slackwater. When "Harry" was in Congress and wanted to make sure of his re-election, he impressed this preposterous slackwater scheme upon that body to the extent of getting an appropriation of $20,000 inserted in the River and Harbor Bill, to defray the expense of a survey to demonstrate its feasibility. The survey was made—the money expended, and that was the end of it. In addition to the slackwater navigation which would terminate near Wilmore, in this county, the scheme contemplated the excavation of a tunnel for the passage of large boats, from that place through the mountain to a point west of Hollidaysburg where it would connect with the Juniata, also to be slackwatered, and in this way boats were to be taken from Pittsburg to Chesapeake bay. No man outside of a lunatic asylum ever conceived a project more utterly absurd and ridiculous.

As the facts concerning the so-called outbreak of the Ute Indians begin to be ascertained, it is plainly to be seen that the trouble was not brought on by the Indians at all, but was commenced by cowboys and others of that stripe who cared more for the ponies of the Utes than they did for the peace of Colorado. So far all the testimony goes to show that there were no aggressions on the part of the red men, but they all proceeded from the whites. The latter were the attacking party and the skirmish that took place two weeks ago grew out of a bare faced attempt at horse stealing. In view of all this, the efforts of the Colorado authorities to induce the government at Washington to take a hand in punishing the Utes for outrages they never committed is anything but creditable. It is the same old story that has been at the bottom of nearly every trouble that has taken place between the Indians and their white plunderers.

—In the English Queen's kitchen there is a book keeper to give orders to grocers, provision and other dealers: four clerks to aid him in his work, a chief cook, four master cooks, two yeomen of the kitchen, two assistant cooks, two roasting cooks, four scourers, three kitchen maids, a store keeper, two "green office" men, two steam apparatus men, first and second yeomen of confectionery, an apprentice, three female assistants, an errand man, a pastry cook, and two female assistants, a baker and assistant and three coffee room women. There is an extensive wine cellar, superintended by a man of large salary, and an army of officers engaged in various departments suggestive of eating and drinking.

SEVERAL thousand miners have been on a strike in a portion of the anthracite coal region for the last few days, and the strike threatened to become general throughout the anthracite counties. At a meeting, however, at Pottsville on Wednesday between the officials of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company and a committee of miners, a compromise was effected, which it is believed will settle the difficulty.

Drift of Tariff discussion.

When the tariff question comes up for action, as well as debate, the Republicans will not present a united front any more than the Democrats. Not so much in fact. There is evidence of this on every hand. The protection the Republicans of Pennsylvania demand is something very different from what the Republicans of the West and some parts of New England are willing to concede. Minnesota is a free trade State. Iowa, Wisconsin, Kansas, Illinois and Nebraska, for the most part, are the same, or will be when the question comes to a direct vote on reducing duties, and abandons the oratorical stage. The tariff is a local and a pocket-book question. People will vote to reduce duties if their pecuniary interests are that way, just as they will vote protection for the same consideration. The purely agricultural States are, or will be, of necessity, for a revenue tariff, and for a revenue tariff "only." In any event the necessity of raising the greater part of the revenue by tariff duties will insure a comfortable degree of protection for industries that need protection. This leaves room for wise discrimination, and the whole question is resolved into a business question of expediency and compromise; what is best for the business interests of the whole people, having a proper regard for what may be called the vested rights of certain interests that have grown up under the protection policy. This is not difficult of determination if approached in the right spirit.

The Chicago *Tribune* is probably the most influential paper in the Union in reaching the great public—the Republican public—that will eventually make itself heard from the Northwest as well as the Central Western States. In a late issue it insists that congress shall heed the demand that is coming from the Western farmer for cheaper woolens, lumber, iron, glass and other fabrics. It repudiates the idea of taking off the tax on whisky or tobacco and keeping it on the necessaries of life that go to make up the shelter, raiment and food of the American people. We quote from an article in a late issue of the *Tribune*:

The margin of possible profit to the Western farmer is eaten up by the excessive bounty he is compelled to pay on building material, clothing, household goods, tools, furniture, agricultural implements and other manufactured articles properly classed among necessaries. The war tariff is still maintained on the farmers to feed greedy millionaire manufacturers in the East, and flood the United States treasury with surplus revenues—an excess so great that it overruns wasteful government expenditures and is banked up in the treasury, threatening a severe currency contraction unless relief is found by paying a premium on bonds! Surely it is time for the farmers of the West to demand relief from these inordinate exactions. They have no tariff protection—their productions are sold in the markets of the world at a low free-trade scale of prices, and everything they buy is listed at a high bounty monopoly rate. It is a shame and disgrace that Congress has permitted this unconscionable fleecing of the farmers to continue so long.

Such articles as this are read by tens of thousands of Republican farmers every day as they appear in the *Tribune*, the St. Paul *Pioneer-Press* and other leading journals. They show one drift of tariff discussion.—*Pittsburg Post.*

The Blair Bill--Its Real Purpose Exposed.

But whatever the real sentiment of the Granite State may be on the Blair bill, this measure must be set down as one of the perils of the next session of Congress. The evil of illiteracy, especially in a republic, can hardly be overestimated; but so far from lessening it the proposed appropriation would aggravate it. The policy of the Blair bill is to put a premium on ignorance. There are, it is computed, 6,000,000 people in the United States of 10 years of age and over who can neither read nor write, and it is proposed to divide among the States (the distribution to be based on illiteracy in proportion to the entire population) the sum of $77,000,000. In other words, the bill would offer a bounty of about $13 for every ignoramus any State could produce. It is a proposition to give a prize for each case of illiteracy reported, and thus discourage State aid to schools all under the pretext of promoting the cause of education.

The real purpose of the bill is neither to promote nor retard education, but to prevent, if possible, the reduction of the tariff. All else is incidental. The Treasury surplus must be gotten rid of in some way or other, it matters little how. The cormorants see that unless this is done the monstrous war duties the necessaries of life will have to come off. Their retention is the one purpose of the manufacturing lords of New England and Pennsylvania, the steel monopoleis especially. It matters little to them that the Blair bill would be evil in its effect upon the South, destroying self-dependence and self-support in educational affairs, introducing a Federal soup-house system, and thus rendering that section of our country weak precisely where it should be strengthened. It would be an inconceivably great public calamity to reduce the Southern schools to pauper institutions. But the manufacturing bosses care nothing about that. The only thing they think of is how to levy tribute on the American people to swell their own profits. —*Chicago Tribune (Rep.)*

THE details of Henry George's financial status as given by the New York *Commercial Advertiser* are interesting and vouched for as correct. That paper says:

"Mr. George has come out about $50,000 ahead by his warfare on monopoly. At this time last year he was not worth $10,000. Now he is said to have $30,000 or $70,000. He has a very pretty house on Pleasant avenue, in a fashionable suburb, and lives quite in the style of those bloated monopolists whom he denounces so freely. His books, which had a comparatively small sale before he ran for mayor, have brought in $25,000 or $30,000 in the last ten months. He also makes money from his paper, the *Standard*, which was established on the basis of the celebrity he gained in the mayorality contest. In fact, the improvement in Mr. George's finances is due directly to his crusade against poverty.

The same journal also describes Mr. George in his relation to the labor he employs "as close-fisted as the typical monopolist, and his purse strings are drawn tightly against poverty's appeals." He only deals with it in the abstract. Dr. McGlynn is another sort of man, and is charitable to a fault. The anti-poverty crusade, however, has undoubtedly promoted the financial resources of both, particularly Mr. George. They have abolished poverty in their own cases, but who else has been benefited? Somebody has paid the piper. Can it have been the hundreds of thousands of poor believers, and if so are they better off in basket and store?"

Don't Experiment.

You cannot afford to waste time in experimenting when your lungs are in danger. Consumption always seems, at first, only a cold. Do not permit any dealer to impose upon you with some cheap imitation of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, but be sure you get the genuine. Because he can make more profit he may tell you he has something just as good, or just the same. Don't be deceived, but insist upon getting Dr. King's New Discovery, which is guaranteed to give relief in all Throat, Lung and Chest affections. Trial bottles free at E. James drug store. Large bottles $1.

Why Gladstone Declined.

LONDON, SEPT. 8.—The letter containing the invitation to Mr. Gladstone to attend the centennial celebration of the adoption of the American Constitution at Philadelphia was signed by Messers. Kasson, Little, Carson and Cochrane, for the committee.

Mr. Gladstone was invited as the guest of the committee, and he was informed by the gentleman who conveyed to him the invitation that it was the only one sent to any person not an American citizen or an accredited diplomat, the exception in his case being intended as an express recognition of the historical ties which bound Great Britain and America before the Declaration of Independence. He was also assured that he would be allowed to make whatever arrangements he pleased and would be entertained in America as no man has been since the visit of Gen. Lafayette.

Mr. Gladstone made reply to the letter and assured the committee of the great honor he felt in receiving an invitation to the celebration of the centenary of the American Constitution. His letter continues:

"The attractions of the invitation are enhanced to me by the circumstance that I had always regarded that Constitution as the most remarkable work known to modern times to have been produced by human intellect at a single stroke, so to speak, in its application to political affairs. The invitation is accompanied by every accessory that even American hospitality could devise. Had I a real option in the case I could not but accept, but the limitation of my strength and time and the incessant pressure of engagements make me too well aware that I have none. So far as I can see, the whole small residue of activity at my command will be dedicated to the great work at home. I regard the Irish question as the most urgent and mostfull of promise of beneficial results to my country that I have been engaged in.

"I ought, perhaps, to add that viewing the jealousies prevalent in England it is doubtful whether they might not be stimulated were I to accept the distinction you offer me, which is not less signal than undeserved. The first of these reasons, however, compels me to decline the most flattering proposal I have ever received. I shall watch with profound interest the proceedings of your celebration, when you will look back upon a century of national advancement that is without a parallel in history, and look forward to its probable continuance upon a still larger scale.

"That you and your children may be enabled by the help of the Almighty to worthily meet the accumulation of high duties and responsibilities proportioned to ever-growing power will be, I am confident, the prayer of your kinsmen here, who hope, nay, believe, that the moral relations between several portions of one race are wisely destined to acquire increasing harmony and closeness. Your obliged and faithful servant,

W. E. GLADSTONE.

The Constitution.

On September 17, one hundred years ago, the Convention of all the States, presided over by George Washington and held in Philadelphia, adjourned after nearly four months' session, having adopted the Constitution afterwards ratified by the States. The centennial of this event is to be appropriately celebrated in Philadelphia on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of the present week.

When the Constitution was framed there were thirteen States in the Union. Now there are thirty-eight. The population of the United States in 1790, when the first census was taken, was 3,929,214. It is now nearly or quite 60,000,000. There were then about 1,500 Federal office-holders in the country. There are now more than 100,000. The total net ordinary receipts of the United States in 1792 were $3,661,000. In 1886 they were $336,439,000. The total net ordinary expenditures in 1792 were $8,269,000. In 1886 they were $242,483,000.

It is an evidence of the broad, unselfish patriotism as well as of the ripe judgement of the men who made the Constitution that their work has filled its purpose for one hundred years and is still the foundation rock of the greatness of the Republic and the rights of the citizen. For despite the wonderful development and altered circumstances of the country the Constitution promulgated a century ago remains as it was adopted, except as to changes necessitated by new conditions of affairs.

The first amendments to the original instrument were simply declaratory and restrictive, and were proposed in the first Congress to satisfy the scruples or doubts of some of the States. They in no manner changed the work of the Convention. The same is the case in regard to the amendments which followed as proposed in the Third and Eighth Congresses. Then came the amendments demanded by the results of the war of the rebellion, and adopted in 1865, 1866 and 1869.

It is really astonishing that the Constitution constructed for the infant of 1787 should fit so well the giant of 1887. For the safeguards of the fundamental law have at all times proved sufficient to guide and guard the Republic through troubles and triumphs, through early struggles and succeeding prosperity, and are to-day the bulwark of the liberties of the people. It is well that the centennial of the completion of that great work should be duly observed and honored. While the Constitution is respected and obeyed the country will be safe. —*N. Y. World, Sept. 12.*

Not Degenerating.

The complaint about the degeneracy of the human race is not new, but dates as far back as the time of Homer, at least, for the men of his day were not like the heroes of whom he sang. It is not confirmed, but is contradicted by all the tangible facts, and these are not a few. Human remains that are exhumed after having reposed in the grave for many centuries, as in the catacombs of Paris, have nothing gigantic about them. The armor, the cuirasses and the casques of the warriors of the Middle Ages can be worn by modern soldiers, and many of the knights' suits would be too small for the cuirassers of the European armies, yet they were worn by the selected men, who were better fed, stronger and more robust than the rest of the population. The bones of the ancient Gauls, which are uncovered in the excavations of tumuli, while they are of large dimensions are comparable with those of the existing populations of many places in France. The Egyptian mummies are the remains of persons of small or medium stature, as are also the Peruvian and Mexican mummies, and the mummies and the bones found in the ancient monuments of India and Persia. And even the most ancient relics we possess of individuals of the human species, the bones of men who lived in the tertiary period, an epoch the remote antiquity of which goes back for hundreds of centuries, do not show any important differences in the sizes of the primitive and of the modern man.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. James and W. W. McAteer, of Loretto.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Commander-in-Chief Fairchild says he will not be a candidate for re-election at the coming meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic.

—One of the rare productions of Jackson county, Michigan, is a white rattlesnake with seven rattles. It belongs to Richard Crouch, and is quite tame.

—"Bully if True," is the headline which the editor of a paper in Crete, Neb., prints over the announcement that the pastor of the Congregational church will not preach for a month.

—The President has pardoned Thomas R. Knight, John A. Brooks, and Henry Patz, convicted of manslaughter in the western district of Arkansas and sentenced to imprisonment. They were Indian policemen, and killed a man while attempting to arrest him.

—The application of the Governor of Illinois for the extradition of McGarigle, the fugitive Chicago ex-warden, which has been received at the Department of State, will be reserved for the personal consideration of Secretary Bayard when he shall return to Washington.

—Harvey Lynn attended church near Youngstown, Ohio, last Sunday and persisted in smoking while the preaching was in progress. When the deacons tried to stop him he cursed and swore before the entire congregation. They had him arrested.

—Sunflowers are used in Wyoming Territory for fuel. The stalks when dry are as hard as maplewood and make a hot fire, and the seedheads with the seeds in are said to burn better than the best hard coal. An acre of sunflowers will furnish fuel for one stove for a year.

—The celebration at Baltimore on Monday of the anniversary of the battle of North Point developed the fact that but three known participants survive. They are Jas. C. Morford, aged ninety-two years; John Peddicord, ninety-three years, and Nathaniel Watts, ninety-three years.

—In Cape Colony, South Africa, a shepherd drove a flock of 1,430 ewes up to a small building, in which he took refuge from a thunder storm. As the sheep crowded around the building it was struck by lightning, and 790 of them were killed outright. The shepherd escaped with a severe shock.

—Seventy-two years ago Robert Tirrell, of Rhode Island, then a soldier in the British army, deserted and came to America. The old man who is ninety-three years old, has just received a pardon from the granddaughter of the king he deserted, and is going back to the old country to die among his kinsfolk.

—As inducements to "any respectable couple" to be publicly married at the Farmers' Fair at Lititz, Lancaster county, the following gifts are offered: a range and regular cooking outfit, $25 in money, a bureau, expenses at the hotel, a ticket to Philadelphia and a two years' subscription to the Columbia Spy.

—The wife of a Nevada (Mo.) man had ten young chickens. One day at noon a hawk pounced down upon them and carried one off, but did not go very far before a lot of crows got after him. The next night at roosting time the lost chicken came home. It still bears the marks of the hawk, but is otherwise all right.

—It is calculated that during the last 12 months the people of this country have individually and severally put their tongues out 1,968,340,000 times to moisten the postage stamps for the billions of letters and millions of papers, periodicals and parcels that are carried and delivered by the Government. And yet 45 years ago there wasn't a postage stamp in the United States.

—An interesting feature of the civic parade in Philadelphia yesterday, was a carriage formerly owned by George Washington. It is now the property of Captain Benjamin Richardson, No. 530 East One Hundred and Sixteenth street, New York. It will appear in the parade drawn by four or six white horses, with footmen and coachmen in continental livery.

—The Board of Trustees of the proposed American Catholic University, held an important meeting at the residence of Cardinal Gibbons, in Baltimore, on last Wednesday week. There were present a large number of church dignitaries. A long letter was read from Pope Leo, in which he warmly recommended the enterprise. The plan and the designs were adopted.

—When Farragut's squadron was before New Orleans one of the powder boys saw a shell drop dangerously near the magazine. The fuse was burning furiously, but the boy picked up the shell and tossed it overboard The boy was Oscar Peck. He lives in Bridgeport, Connecticut, and he has just received, in consideration of his bravery, back pension money to the amount of $4,220.

—Twenty-five years ago the citizens of Fitchburg, Massachusetts, presented Gen. Kimball with a handsome war horse, which he rode through the entire Louisiana campaign. The other day the General rode the same horse at the annual reunion of the veterans of the Fifty-third Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers at Fitchburg. The old fellow is in excellent condition.

—Letter carrier Albert Howell, of Boston, was long considered a remarkably pious young man, because he always kept a Bible on his desk, and studied it whenever he had a moment to spare. But now it appears that he has for some time been stealing letters from the boxes of other carriers, several of whom were discharged for the disappearance of the letters. Pious Albert is in jail.

—A petition has been received at the General Land Office from citizens of White Line county, Nev., asking for protection against the unlawful encroachment of the sheep raising stock companies, composed chiefly of Englishmen and aliens, whose flocks destroy the grass and pollute the water, prevent settlement and make the building of schools and churches impossible. An investigation has been ordered.

—Miss Mary Tucker, 19 years old, daughter of John S. Tucker, ex-State representative, has married her father's coachman and disappeared with him. The Tuckers live in New Haven, Connecticut. John W. Hanchett, the coachman induced Miss Tucker to color herself with a liquid. The minister who married them did not dream the girl was white, and when the ceremony was concluded the couple fled.

—The family of Horace Scales, station agent of Lee, ten miles from Dover, New Hampshire, recently removed to Cambridge, Mass., to reside. They brought with them a cat, which soon disappeared. This cat was found at the old homestead in Lee last Tuesday. How it got back from Cambridge is puzzling the former neighbors of Mr. Scales, as the animal must have traveled about fifty miles without a guide.

—A Southern newspaper relates this incident concerning a dying wife's request that he would not marry again: "The husband in tears declined, whereupon the devoted wife pulled a hatchet from under the cover and made a lick at his head as he was kneeling at her side. The blow fell below the brain and put out the right eye. In twenty-four hours the poor man was a widower, but in due time he got a glass eye and married again."

—The other night a flock of hundreds of swallows invaded the house of John G. Russell, of Brunswick, Maine, making their way down the chimney flue and into open windows. They perched upon the furniture, and numbers of them fastened their claws into Mr. Russell's clothing. They seemed to be perfectly tame. By morning they had disappeared. No one has explained the phenomenon or recollected a similar occurrence.

—Five acres at the tunnels of the Cement Company, two miles south of La Selle, Illinois, were recently leased for twenty years to a company organized in Chicago. The object of this lease is to raise mushrooms in these subterranean chambers. The superintendent will in a few days leave for France, and on his return will bring back a supply of mushroom spawn or seed. It is said that this novel industry cannot but prove a success, as the mushrooms sell in Chicago for thirty cents per pound.

—Charles Coon, formerly Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, now on his way to Europe, has for his mission the placing of a big block of bonds of the syndicate controlling the consolidated mines of the Lake Superior region. The mines number fourteen, and the syndicate wants to put the Bessemer ore in the Eastern markets. It will be shipped to Buffalo in syndicate vessels and brought into Pennsylvania by way of the Lehigh Valley. The scheme is a big one, and most of the money for it is expected to be had in Europe. About $1,000,000 will be needed.

—Mr. Balterham, of Asheville, North Carolina thinks that he has a very intelligent Newfoundland dog. He says that after her four pups had become large enough to wean he gave one away, and a few days afterward pointing to another pup, said, with some emphasis: "To-morrow I am going to give that one to Mr. Blank." The mother seemed to listen with attention, and the next morning she was missing with the doomed brat, leaving the other two puppies to take care of themselves. After nightfall she slunk back very slyly with the pup in her mouth, and seemed happy in having saved it from separation from its family.

—James F. Clark owns the largest hop yard in America, situated at Otsego, N. Y. It contains 126 acres of vines, 96 of which are in full bearing this season. The work of picking the crop has just been commenced and 400 pickers are employed, including men, women and youths, whose wages average $1 a day for the four weeks required to to gather the crop. The regular working force of the yard through the season is 25 men and 15 teams. Among the supplies required are 65,000 poles and 5,000 pounds of twine. The crop for the present season is estimated at 150,000 pounds. It is already sold under a five year contract to an Albany dealer, who takes the entire product of the yard during that period at 20 cents a pound.

—Dr. Charles C. Abbott says that in experimenting on the intelligence of birds, when he girdled branches on which birds had built their nests, although they had laid their eggs, they would abandon them; but if the nests already contained young birds, notwithstanding the exposure, they would remain until the young were able to fly. He placed a number of pieces of woolen yarn—red, yellow, purple, green, and gray in color—near a tree in which a pair of Baltimore orioles were building a nest. The pieces of yarn were all exactly alike excepting in color. There was an equal number of each color, and the red and yellow were purposely placed on top. The birds chose only the gray pieces, putting in a few purple and blue ones when the nest was nearly finished. Not a red, yellow, or green strand was used.

A MURDERER CAPTURED.—James B. McCabe, the escaped murderer of Michael Reilly, who broke out of the Honesdale jail two days previous to the date of his execution, in May last, was captured on Tuesday morning and safely returned to the prison. His execution is now set down for October 6th, Governor Beaver having respited him to that date last week, pending his recapture. For two weeks a posse searched barns, houses and forests in Mount Pleasant and Preston townships, and twice were right upon the heels of the fugitive. At one time he was in a barn when the men were searching an adjacent farm house. The barn stood near a piece of woods and faced the house. McCabe could not get out of any of the doors without being observed from the house, so he kicked off a couple of boards on the back part of the building and fled into the woods.

Another time he was working in a hay-field when the men went to search the house on the farm. The farmer's wife blew a horn, which was a signal of danger to McCabe, and he again fled into the woods. Last Saturday week a pack of blood hounds was let loose in the forest in which McCabe was concealed. Their howls spread terror among the people who live in the small clearings, and the greatest excitement for a time prevailed. The pursued man soon emerged from the woods, but not until nightfall, and the last tidings of him was in Clinton township, where he was seen going in the direction of the coal regions.

Last Tuesday night a band of men was organized in Honesdale to continue the pursuit. They deployed along the crest of the Moosic mountain, where it was thought that McCabe would cross to reach the Lackawanna valley, but they failed to capture him. Before daylight on Wednesday a number of buildings in Carbondale and along the base of the mountain in Wayne county were searched, but without success. Those in quest of the fugitive completely lost track of him and returned to Honesdale. Another posse started out and kept up the pursuit until this morning, when the murderer was recaptured. The capture was effected by Deputy Sheriffs Clark and Midland and Citizens McMullin and Larkin.

A WORD TO ALL.

Go to GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S, Clinton St., Johnstown, Pa., for Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Stair Pads, Stair Rods, Stair Buttons,

Oilcloths, Linoleum, Lace Curtains, Feathers,

Turcoman Curtains, Madras Curtain Goods, etc.,-etc. Quality of Goods unequaled and prices the lowest.

WOMEN

Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. Trade Mark On Every Bottle.

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves—in fact, thoroughly Invigorates.

Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*all other Iron medicines do.*

MRS. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 26th, 1884: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a doctor to me, having cured me of the weakness ladies have in life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has also been beneficial to my children."

MRS. LOUISA C. BRAGDON, East Lockport, N. Y., says: "I have suffered untold misery from Female Complaints, and could obtain relief from nothing except Brown's Iron Bitters."

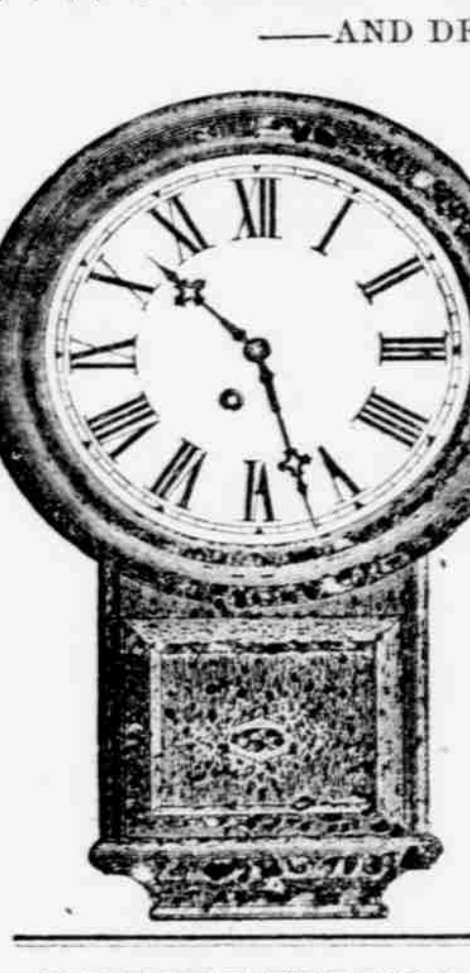
Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



Watches, Clocks,

—JEWELRY,—

Silverware, Musical Instruments

—AND—

Optical Goods.

Sole Agent

—FOR THE—

Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches, In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS of JEWELRY always on hand.

☞ My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ ALL WORK GUARANTEED ☜

CARL RIVINIUS

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885.-tf.

MARLIN MAGAZINE RIFLE Best In The World

For large or small game—32 calibre, 40 grains powder; 38 cal. 55 gr.; 40 cal. 60 gr.; 45 cal. 70 and 85 gr. The strongest shooting rifle made. Perfect accuracy guaranteed and the only absolutely safe rifle on the market. Prices reduced.

BALLARD Gallery, Sporting and Target Rifles, world renowned. The standard for target shooting, hunting, and shooting galleries. All calibres from 22 to 45. Made in fourteen different styles, prices from $18.00 up. Send for illustrated catalogue.

MARLIN FIRE ARMS CO., - New Haven, Conn.

Two targets made with one of our 32 calibre rifles, twenty consecutive shots after fifty shots had already been fired and no cleaning during the entire seventy shots. These guns carry off nearly all the prizes at target matches because they are always accurate and reliable.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE FOR MEN ONLY. VIGOROUS HEALTH

Over Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to patients a large proportion of whom took a full treatment were restored to health by use of PROF. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematurely aged and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your troubles, and secure TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Illust'd Pamphlet, &c.

[illegible]

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Three, $7.

HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mf'g Chemists, 306½ N. Tenth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

Ebensburg, Pa.

Money Received on Depsit,

PAYABLE ON DEMAND.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS

COLLECTIONS MADE

AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.

DRAFTS on the Principal Cities

Bought and Sold and a

General Banking Business Transacted.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

Ebensburg, April 4 1884.-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL HIS FARM known as the LUCKETT FARM, situate in Munster township, Cambria county, containing about

90 ACRES, ABOUT 60 ACRES CLEARED,

having thereon erected a good frame house and frame barn. The farm is in a fine state of cultivation, is well watered and has a good orchard of bearing fruit trees. The farm is within three minutes walk of Luckett's Station on the Ebensburg and Cresson Railroad.

For further particulars inquire of George M. Reade, Esq., Ebensburg, Pa., or of the undersigned on the premises.

JOHN MURPHY.

July 29, 1887.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Margaret Kelly by her next friend Thos. McCabe vs. Peter Kelly.	IN the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county. No. 78, December Term, 1887. Alias Subpœna in Divorce.

COUNTY OF CAMBRIA, ss.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,
To PETER KELLY, GREETING:

WE COMMAND YOU, as heretofore commanded, that all matter of business and excuses being set aside you be and appear in your proper person before our Judge, at Ebensburg, at our Court of Common Pleas, there to be held on the first Monday of September next, to show cause, if any you have, why your wife Margaret Kelly, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony which she hath contracted with you the said Peter Kelly, agreeable to Petition and Libel exhibited against you before our said Court; and this you shall in no wise omit at your peril.

WITNESS the Honorable Robert L. Johnston, President Judge of our said Court, this 27th day of June, A. D. 1887.

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Proth'y.

Ebensburg, July 29, 1887.

NATURE'S CURE FOR CONSTIPATION, Sick-Headache, AND DYSPEPSIA.

RELIABLE REMEDY For Sick Stomach, For Torpid Liver, Billious Headache, Costiveness,

Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient.

It is certain in its effects It is gentle in its action. It is palateable to the taste. It can be relied upon to cure, and it cures by assisting, not by outraging, nature. Do not take violent purgatives yourselves or allow your children to take them, always use this elegant pharmaceutical preparation, which has been for more than forty years a public favorite. *Sold by druggists everywhere.*

VIRGINIA FARMS FOR SALE.

500 farms, 20 to 10,000 acres at $8 to $25 per acre. Good markets. Healthy climate. Favorable prospects. Write for circulars free and full description. Sent free. PYLE & DeHAVEN, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, Petersburg, Va.

PATENTS

HENRY WISE GARNETT, Attorney-at-Law, WASHINGTON, D. C. Refers to 2d National Bank, Washington, D. C. ☞SEND FOR INVENTOR'S GUIDE.☜

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Lloyd, dec'd, (first floor,) Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. [10-14.-tf.]

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINES, CLAY and Ore Pans, Boiler and Sheet-Iron Work. Second-hand engines and boilers on hand. Hoisting engines and machinery a specialty.—THOMAS CARLIN, Allegheny, Pa. [Jan. 22.-1y.]

ADVERTISERS by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. 100 Page Pamphlet 10c.

CHEAPEST and BEST. Prices Reduced HOLMAN'S NEW PARALLEL BIBLES! Over 2,000 pages. *Fully Illustrated.* Agents wanted Circulars free. A. J. Holman & Co., Phila.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS! The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cresson Springs Company will be held at the Mountain House, Cresson, Pa., on Tuesday, August 24, 1887, at 9 o'clock, A. M. Election for President and Directors same day and place.

JAMES R. McCLURE
Secretary

July 15, 3t.

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office Armory Building, opp. Court House.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.
Estate of John Grimes, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Grimes, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said estate must make payment with delay, and those having claims against the same should present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

MARGARET GRIMES,
Allegheny twp., July 15, Executrix.

BARBER SHOP.

The undersigned invites the citizens of Ebensburg and public generally to call at his shop on Centre St., Ebensburg, Pa., (opposite the Mountain House saloon), where he will be found ready to accomodate them with a clean shave or a hair cut on short notice.

By keeping everything neat and tidy about my shop I expect to merit a liberal share of patronage.

March 11, '87. PETER WILHELM.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of William J. McGuire, late of Clearfield township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and all those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement to

HIRAM McGUIRE,
Adm'r of William J. McGuire, dec'd.
Clearfield twp., April 29, 1887.-6t.

1794. 1883.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

Hay Fever CATARRH

is an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of headache, watery and inflamed eyes.

Try the Cure.

Ely's Cream Balm.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROS., 235 Greenwich St., New York.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - SEPT. 16, 1887.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Ex-Sheriff Luther, of Carroll township, was attending court as a witness during the present week.

—Typhoid fever is prevailing to an alarming extent along the railroad at Gallitzin, illy and South Fork.

—One thousand pounds of ginseng wanted at Dr. Davison's for which the highest market price will be paid.

—The Carrolltown Cornet Band has now a fine band wagon which was recently built in Altoona at a cost of $375.

—The pavement along Judge Johnston's property on Centre street, is being graded down to a level with the street.

—Mr. Thomas P. Keedy, burgess of Millvilleborough, was on Thursday of last week, selected by the candidates on the Republican county ticket as their chairman to run the coming campaign.

—Leonard Hollis who kept the Buckhorn hotel in Dean township, died on Friday last from consumption, in the fifty-eighth year of his age. His remains were interred at St. Augustine on Sunday last.

—Mrs. Annie Griffith who was convicted last week of keeping a bawdy house, was on Tuesday sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a term of eighteen months.

—The three card monte sharps who succeeded in swindling Henry Barnhardt, of Pleasant, Westmoreland county, out of about six weeks ago, were arrested Tuesday morning, at Brownsville and taken to Greensburg for a hearing.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has finally concluded that it cannot keep . Most of them run by the Company have been sold. The restaurant in the Broad street station at Philadelphia has shown a loss as high as $5,000 in a month.

—Messrs. Henry J. Hopple, of Carrolltown, and J. J. Kinney of Tunnelhill boro', have been selected by Chairman James M. Walters, Esq., as Deputy Chairmen, to see after the interests of the Democratic party in their respective portions of the county.

—William Walters, a Johnstown policeman, while explaining the correct manner of handling a revolver with safety, in the Prothonotary's office, on Wednesday afternoon, accidentally discharged the weapon, but luckily, barring a hole in the plastering no injury or damage was done.

—The Altoona *Times* heretofore published by the *Times* Publishing Company has been purchased by Messrs. H. A. McPike and George F. Fresh, of that city, who were members of the company. Frank E. McCullough and Frank McClain are the retiring members. We wish them all success.

—The following named persons can each receive a letter by calling at the Ebensburg post office: Miss Blanche Chance, Miss ara Kemerer, Miss Annie Winters, Miss mma Cain, Miss Mollie Fisher, Miss Mary son, Miss Mary A. Alliance, Capt. Elroy, Mr. Cyrus B. Siegrist, Ed. Elfstrick.

—Mr. Louis Donmyer who left Richland township and removed to Kansas in 1871, died at his home near New Cambria, in that State on the 9th instant, at the age of 87 years. Mr. Donmyer was the father of Mr. P. Donmyer, a well known citizen of Jackson township a few years ago, but now resident of New Cambria, Kansas.

—S. E. Snyder, a Luzerne county man, thinks he has discovered perpetual motion after working on a machine for eleven years. It consists of sixty parts, one-half generative and the other reactive. Once started, the first part will generate an extra power which will be received by the second and sent back again to the first, thus making the motion perpetual.

—On Monday morning while a freight train was doing some shifting at the Wood- ing a west bound freight train ran into it and wrecked several cars. The engineer and fireman jumped when they saw that a collision was inevitable and saved themselves. The telegraph operator at East Conemaugh is said to be responsible for the accident.

—At Blairsville, on Friday night of last week the family of Hon. John Hill retired to rest leaving their mother sitting on a chair reading a newspaper, and next morning they found her lying dead on the floor. Her husband was away from home at the time having gone to Indiana Friday evening to attend the Lutheran Council of which he is a member.

—The October *Catholic World* will continue its discussion of the land question in a well reasoned and powerful paper called "The State and the Land," which will show that the division of property into private ownerships, and the eminent domain of the state, when both are rightly understood, are social forces which work together for the greatest good of the greatest number.

—The hardware store of Philip Dougherty at Latrobe, was burglarized at an early hour on Monday morning, and a large number of pocket-knives, two shot-guns, about one hundred and fifty dollars, worth of revolvers, and a small amount of money taken, in all amounting to probably three hundred dollars. The thieves gained an entrance by cutting the sash out of the door which leads from the side entrance.

—The steamship Umbria, that left New York, on Saturday morning the 3d instant, arrived at Queenstown, Ireland, on last Friday morning, and arrived at Liverpool the same evening, picking up on the way the wrecked crew of the Lillian Baxter that had been wrecked off the coast of New Foundland. The Umbria is the vessel upon which Mr. E. J. Humphreys and Mrs. B. G. Williams, of this place, and Mrs. John A. of Cambria township, sailed.

—On Thursday afternoon of last week Edward Graham, a young man about twenty one years of age, who lives near Livermore, Westmoreland county, was the victim of a hunting accident, which will probably result in his death. He was out hunting and accidentally lodged a charge of shot in his arm about the elbow. His arm was amputated Friday, and his friends fear that he will not survive the operation. He is a graduate of Washington and Jefferson College, where he was known as one of the best students in the institution.

—Burglars effected an entrance to the store of Dimond & Simendinger and Company, Summerhill township about three o'clock on Tuesday last morning, by forcing a window. John Kick, a Pennsylvania railroad watchman saw them coming from the store at four o'clock and suspecting something to be wrong gave the alarm, when the thieves, three in number, took to their heels and were followed so closely by several persons that they dropped several pairs of and a lot of underwear that they had taken. One of them turned and fired a shot at his pursuers but missed them. An examination of the store afterwards, showed that they had ransacked the store and tossed things around, evidently hunting for what suited them. A revolver was taken from a desk in the store, seventy-five cents in cash, a lot of underwear, and, it is supposed, a number of small articles. There was between $700 and $800 in the safe but it was not tampered with.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT AND LOWEST PRICES ON

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS

—WILL BE FOUND AT—

Cable & Co.'s One-Price Store, Altoona, Pa.

—The managers of the Farmers' Fair, to be held in Lititz, Lancaster county, in October, have arranged to have a couple married in public on the big day of the fair. Among the presents offered the couple who may be selected are a handsome buggy, by carriage dealers, and a kitchen range with full outfit. A candidate for Congress offers $25, or its equivalent; another candidate offers $10. A furniture dealer offers a bureau, and the Fair Association offer to pay the expenses of the couple at Lititz during the Fair and their expenses to Philadelphia and return. A number of applications have already been received.

—McConnell & Saupp, the well-known clothiers in the St. Lawrence building, have secured the sole agency of Grenoble & Co.'s hats for this section of the State, and have already received a large shipment of the company's goods. As these hats are of a finer quality, and at the same time cheaper than any other make in the city, the public should make a note of this fact when purchasing head-wear. Mr. McConnell is an experienced hatter, and because of his former connection with hat houses, his house has been able to secure the advantage of handling Grenoble & Co.'s goods.

—Mr. Thomas Evans, who resides in the northern part of White township, stated to us yesterday that two weeks ago to-day he and a boy went to a ridge over the line in Clearfield county to pick huckelberries—that they came across a den of rattlesnakes and arming themselves with two stout poles went to work on the rattlers, and never stopped until they had killed 96, some of them very large. Mr. Evans says that he and the boy became very sick from the poison of the snakes which filled the surrounding atmosphere. The spot where these snakes were killed was only a short distance from where a similar slaughter took place about three weeks ago, by two men from Chest township, an account of which appeared in the Carrolltown *News*.

A Frightful Leap.

Last week, Joseph Hughes who had been in jail since June, on the charge of assault and battery, on information made by the railroad officials at East Conemaugh, was acquitted on the grounds of insanity. While in Court Hughes became noisy and excited and the jury had no difficulty in finding him insane. The Court made an order directing him to be confined in Dixmont asylum. Sheriff Gray deputized Mr. Bert Cresswell and Mr. Vallie Lutringer, of this place, to convey him to that institution, and on Wednesday morning they started. They reached Cresson safely without having any trouble with their prisoner and after boarding the passenger train west, settled down comfortably in their seats, Luttringer setting next to the window and Hughes setting along side of him. After passing Lilly's, while the train was running at the rate of about forty miles an hour, Hughes made a sudden bound across the aisle, past a passenger setting opposite and through the open window. Luttringer grabbed him by the pants while he was going through the window, but the garment being somewhat decayed, gave way, and the next instant Sheriff Luttringer had nothing but a piece of cloth to represent Hughes. The two officers were carried to Sonman before they could get off, and when arriving there started back to find Hughes. They found him where he had jumped out, lying on the roadside, bruised and bleeding, considerably cut about the head, and with one hand broken or dislocated. They took him back to Lilly and after he was washed up and his wounds dressed he was found to be not seriously injured, his broken hand being the worst hurt he had sustained. He was taken to Pittsburgh on the next train and safely lodged at Dixmont.

From Rev. John Mathews, Pastor M. E Church South, at Montgomery, Ala.

"Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is the only medicine kept in my family. We can use it for almost everything—burns, bruises, cuts, stings, ear-ache, sour stomach, etc., etc. My children, when hurt or bruised, always call at once for Darbys Fluid. We cannot get along well without it. It is so valuable for its prompt relief of pain from all kinds of injuries, and also is a powerful Antiseptic and Disinfectant."

Base Ball.

The most interesting game of base ball this season came off at the new fair grounds, Carrolltown, on Saturday last.

The game was to have been Ebensburg vs Chest Springs, but on the arrival of the Ebensburg nine on the grounds the team representing Chest Springs was found to be composed of picked players from that place, Glen White, and Loretto, with the addition of a crack pitcher from Johnstown. As considerable money had been staked on the result, the Ebensburg boys declined to contest against such odds until the bets had been declared off. Notwithstanding this, side bets were freely offered and taken.

The game was hotly contested throughout, and resulted in favor of the Chest Springs combination by a score of 11 to 12, but the result would, in all probability, have been different, had not some interested party deliberately substituted a *lively* for a *dead* ball in the third inning, by which the allied aggregation were enabled to pile up four runs before the fraud was discovered.

As the Chest Springs men well know certain defeat would await them in the event of a contest between the two clubs proper, it is generally supposed they would refuse to meet our nine with a team composed wholly of their own men. X

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex., says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters.

This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequaled. Price 50 cts. and $1. at E. James' drug store.

Chronic Looseness of the Bowels.

Results from imperfect digestion. The cause lies in the torpidity of the liver. A regular habit of body can be secured by taking Simmons Liver Regulator to aid digestion, to stimulate the dull and sluggish liver, and rid the system of excessive and poisonous bile. The Regulator corrects acidity of the stomach, cures dyspepsia and insures regularity of the bowels alike free from laxity or costiveness.

An Interesting Letter from St. Boniface.

ST. BONIFACE, PA., Sept. 12, 1887.

ED. OF THE FREEMAN—This section of the country has been greatly excited during the present summer on account of the leasing of the mineral by parties from away, and the surveying and locating of a railroad. Several routes have been run near by our little town, and a corps of engineers have been stopping here all summer.

Last week the first passenger train ran into Westover, a little town in Clearfield county, six and a-half miles from here. The road will be extended to connect with the Pennsylvania next spring, and will pass by close to this place.

The coal lands in this locality have been nearly all leased, at from ten to sixteen dollars per acre, and the greater part of the money paid.

The pastoral residence at this place has been remodeled this summer, and is almost completed. It is a fine building and in a short time will be occupied by our pastor, Rev. Father Anthony Wertner. A well was bored for water near the house to a depth of 142 feet, when the drill was lost, and the boring stopped. Another well close by was then made and a fine vein of water was struck at a depth of 80 feet. In drilling the wells several veins of iron ore, coal, limestone and other minerals were passed thro'.

At the examination for teachers recently held here, four teachers out of twelve applicants got certificates.

On the 5th instant Messrs. Charles Hartman and Thomas B. Ott, two worthy young men of this place took their departure for St. Vincent's College, near Latrobe, in Westmoreland county, this being Mr. Hartman's third and Mr. Ott's first term.

The new township road leading from this place across the Chest Creek to St. Lawrence is almost completed, and when finished, will be a great improvement on the old road.

Yours, etc., MONTES.

County Institute.

The twenty-first annual session of the Cambria County Teachers' Institute, will be held in the Court House, Ebensburg, Sept., 26th to 30th.

As instructors, L. H. Dowling, A. M., and Prof. A. E. Maltby, of the Indiana State Normal School, and Profs. F. V. Irish and George P. Bible, of the Central Normal School, have been engaged.

Papers on educational subjects will be read by a number of the teachers of the county, and all teachers will be expected to take an active part in the institute work.

On Monday evening, after an address by the County Superintendent, Prof. Irish will deliver his celebrated lecture, "The Bible, the World's Greatest and Best Library."

On Tuesday evening, Prof. A. M. Hammers, of Indiana, will give an illustrated lecture on "Realistic Rambles in Europe."

A musical and elocutionary entertainment will be given on Wednesday evening by Prof. Bible and the Bradley sisters.

Thursday evening's entertainment will be a lecture, "The Woes of Wooing," by Dr. J. N. Thayer, of New Castle.

Thursday afternoon will be Directors day. A large attendance of Directors is expected.

Orders for excursion tickets will be mailed to teachers coming by railroad. A complete programme of daily exercise will be distributed at the opening of the Institute.

W. J. CRAMER,
Sup't. of Schools.

THE Presbytery of Blairsville will hold its Fall meeting in the Presbyterian church of this place next week. The following is the programme:

TUESDAY, 20TH.

2 p. m., Opening Sermon.
3 p. m., Organization and Business.
5 p. m., Recess.
7 p. m., Sermon; subject, "Christian Union."
8 p. m. Report and address by Wm. Bakewell, Esq., on "Septematic Benificence."
9 p. m. Adjourn.

WEDNESDAY, 21ST.

8.30 a. m., Devotional Exercises.
9 a. m., Business and Conference on Christian Union.
12 m., Recess.
2 p. m., Business, and reports on the work of the following Boards of the church and address by the Chairman of the Presbyterial Committees, viz:
"Sustentation"—Rev. B. F. Boyle.
"Church Erection"—Rev. Henry Bain.
"Ministerial Relief"—Rev. G. Hill, D. D.
"Aid to Colleges"—Rev. J. B. Dickey.
5 p. m. Recess.
7.30 p. m., Report and Sermon on Home Missions by Rev. W. W. Moorhead, D. D.
9 p. m., Adjourn.

All will be cordially welcome to attend.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, September 14, 1887:

Frederick Frank and Elizabeth Schwing, Johnstown.

Henry S. Nagle and Tillie M. Stoltz, Barr township.

Henry Good, Coalport, Clearfield county, and Mary Catharine Lenhart, Chest twp.

Charles Douglas Pollock and Ida Mary Coates, McKeesport, Pa.

Johnson Rager and Emma Wright, Summerhill township.

Daniel Hildebrand and Sarah Ann Vickroy, East Taylor twp.

James Faircliffs, Baker's Mines, and Maggie Hamilton, Westmoreland county.

Doctors in Prescribing Wines.

The Physicians desire to give a liquor containing the extractive parts of the grape, such as iron, grape-sugar and the other elements which give to port wine its special flavor of bouquet and its singular blood making properties from the iron that is contained in the coloring principles of pure Red Wine.

Speer's New Jersey Wines, especially his Port, are grown on a brown stone shale soil, rich in iron and from vines brought from the banks of the River Douro, in Portugal, where the finest ports in the world are made, but none ever reach this country in a pure state. Speer's Wines are regarded superior to any in the market. For sale by druggists.

Ladies Wanted.

A lady agent is wanted in every city and village; also ladies to travel and solicit orders for MADAME WOOD'S Corset and Corded Corset Waists, Tampico Forms, Hose Supporters, Steel Protectors, Ladies' Friend, etc. Agents are making from Twenty to Fifty dollars a week.

Send for catalogue and price list to B. WOOD, 54 South Salina Street, Syracuse, New York.

Court Proceedings.

The following business was disposed last week after the FREEMAN had gone to press.

Com'th vs. Edward Bingle. Pointing a firearm. Not a true bill and the prosecutrix, Mrs. Bingle, to pay the costs.

Com'th vs. John Thomo. Assault and battery. Not a true bill and the prosecutor, Joseph Beck, to pay the costs.

Com'th vs. William Biffinger. Receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant guilty.

Com'th vs. George Rich. Receiving stolen goods. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Com'th vs. Joseph Hughes. Assault and battery. Jury find defendant to be insane.

Com'th vs. Mary E. Boyle. Larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in county jail for 30 days.

Com'th vs. Barney Lundy. Larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to undergo an inprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a term of two years.

The Grand Jury on Thursday reported that they had visited the Poor House and found the building in good repair, bed-rooms neat and clean, the barn, outhouses, and fences in good condition, and the management commendable. They also visited the jail, and reported that they found it in fair condition. The Grand Jury was then discharged, with the thanks of the Court.

Com'th vs. Charles Stadmiller. Larceny. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Com'th vs. B. F. Burkhart. Larceny. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Com'th vs. Joseph Marker. Enticing a female child, under the age of sixteen, from her home for the purpose of marrying her. Jury find defendant guilty. Defendant sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the Western Henitentiary for one year.

Com'th vs. Harry Kane. Assault and battery. Jury found defendant guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs of prosecution.

Com'th vs. Samuel Kelly. Larceny. Defendant plead guilty.

Com'th vs. George Taylor. Larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to thirty days in jail.

Com'th vs. Edward Bingle. Assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs.

Com'th vs. Michael Boylan. Making threats. Defendant discharged on his own recognizance.

In the cases of the Com'th vs. John W. Wonders. Embezblement. The Court directed *nolle prosequi* to be entered and the defendant discharged.

Com'th vs. James L. Mitchell, John McGovern and Peter McGovern. Forcible entry and detainer. Jury found defendants not guilty, but that they pay the costs.

SECOND WEEK.

Augustin Crayer vs. John A. Blair, Executor of Dennis Blawley, dec'd. Feigned Issue. Jury find for the defendant except the beds and bedding.

Martha Mock vs. E. S. Grambling. Feigned Issue. Discontinued.

Blauch & Stutzman vs. Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. Appeal. Continued.

John E. Strayer vs. D. A. Luther, Sheriff. Trespass de bonis asportatis. Jury find for defendant.

Laing & Davidson vs. Emanuel James. Appeal. Jury find for the the defendant.

Stephen Stutzman, assignee of M. W. Keim vs. Washington Stonebraker. Judgment opened. Jury find for plaintiff the sum of $416.76.

Adam Bowers vs. Samuel Kelly. Case continued.

J. N. Krause vs. George Rex. Scire Facias. Continued.

Mary Bendon vs. Patrick Burns. Ejectment. Defendants confess judgment for ⅜ of the land described in the writ.

Frederick Snyder vs. William Cole. Attachment Execution. Jury find for the defendant. Motion for new trial.

Peter Blough vs. Lydia Levingstone. Slander. Settled.

John A. Storm vs. Philip Cooper. Appeal. Settled.

Elliott Tallman vs. Dwelling House Insurance Co. Continued.

John Dibert vs Dennis Bradley et al. Continued.

Anthony McCoy vs. James G. Bradley et ux. Appeal. Continued.

Ellen Gillespie vs. John R. McCloskey and Catharine McCloskey. Quare clausam fregit. Jury find for plaintiff the sum of $20. Motion for a new trial.

Frederick Bland vs. William Strickland. Appeal. Settled.

John Tegler vs. John McKenna. Appeal. Continued.

Samuel Reed vs. Kittanning Insurance Co. Assumpsit. Jury find for plaintiff the sum of $400, one half payable in three months and the other half in six months.

James Goff vs. Robert Watson. Judgment opened. Continued.

John Kelly and Susan Kelly vs. William D. Schmittle. Ejectment. Jury find for plaintiffs the land discribed in the writ.

SOMEWHAT MIXED.—On Monday last John H. Jordan, Esq., solicitor for plaintiffs, filed a bill in equity which developed a strange story. The plaintiffs are George W. Hull and Henry C. Hull, sons of Peter Hull, and the defendants are George Hull and Henry Hull, sons of Abram Hull. On March 23, 1886, David Hull, who is now dead, made a will in which he bequeathed one hundred and sixty acres of land in Nuckolls county, Nebraska, to "my nephew, George Hull," and one hundred and sixty acres of land in the same county and State to "my nephew, Henry Hull." The sons of Peter and the sons of Abraham both claim that they are the persons mentioned in the will, Peter and Abraham being brothers of the deceased. This proceeding is commenced to secure evidence of "the intent and purpose of said David Hull when he made his last will and testament," the sons of Peter holding that they have witnesses who will prove that they are the rightful devisees. A rule was granted upon the defendants to show cause why a commission should not be appointed to take testimony. The case will be heard at next Argument Court.—*Bedford Gazette.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration on the estate of Ellen Harvy, of Gallitzin borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
DANIEL HENRY,
Summit, Pa., Aug. 26, 1887, 6t. Adm'r.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given to the public not to purchase a note signed by John C. Willman and Malinda Willman, drawn in favor of Ellen Baker for the sum of $31 as the note is already paid. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing it.
JOHN C. WILLMAN.
MALINDA WILLMAN.
Susquehanna Twp., Aug. 26, 1887, 3t

FIRE! BURGLARS! THIEVES!

THE VICTOR
SAFE AND LOCK CO.
CINCINNATI, O.

SAFES!

OUR VICTOR

Household & Office Safes

Are expressly meant to supply an urgent demand from *Farmers, Lawyers, Doctors, Small Storekeepers, Postmasters, Express and Railroad Agents, Township and County Officials, Trustees, Retired Business Men and Families,* for a **first-class fire-proof,** burglar-proof combination lock, safe, adapted in capacity and price to suit their requirements. **The Victor** is first-class in every respect, **warranted fire-proof,** and constructed in the most improved manner. We now use on each and every safe **our new non-pickable combination lock,** and inside bolt-work. It has all round corners, exterior beautifully finished and ornamented by hand with all burnished portions nickel-plated. Interior nicely fitted up with sub-treasuries, book-spaces, and pigeon-holes.

Advertisement No. 1.

No. 1.	Farmers' Size, 19x12x13,	weight, 135 lbs.	$24.00
No. 2.	Household Size, 22x15x16,	" 250 lbs.	$30.00
No. 3.	Small Dealers' Size, 28x18x18,	" 600 lbs.	$40.00
No. 4.	Postmasters' and Office Size, 32x22x22,	" 800 lbs.	$60.00

No. 4 has inside door, with flat key lock, duplicate keys. Sub-treasuries have flat key-locks, with duplicate keys. *We are sole owners of patents and sole manufacturers of the Victor Safes. We caution persons against making, buying, selling or using safes infringing on our patents.*

Every first-class safe company manufactures under patents. It is dangerous to buy spurious goods bearing no patent dates.

Every person who is in need of a safe will find it profitable to correspond with us at once, before an agency is established in his locality, and receive the benefit of our *Special Offer in open territory.*

We want *General Merchants and Dealers* to help us carry out our *Inter-State Co-operative Plan. Exclusive control free.* A highly profitable connection to last probably for a life-time. *Will cost but one cent* for a postal card to learn full particulars. Illustrations and testimonials sent on application. In writing us mention advertisement No. 1. Address,

The Victor Safe & Lock Co., CINCINNATI, O.

CLOSING OUT SALE!!

We expect to vacate our present store-room by the first of next April, and in order to reduce our stock, we intend closing out all our Summer Dress Goods,

Curtains, and Curtain Goods,

Hosiery, Gloves, Embroideries and Embroidered Robes, White Goods, Laces, Parasols, and Ladies' Skirts at actual cost. Also,

Hand-Satchels, Gossamers,

HANDKERCHIEFS,

NAPKINS, TOWELS,

and odds and ends of different kinds of goods.

Mrs. R. E. JONES.
EBENSBURG, PA.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE.

PURSUANT TO ORDERS OF THE COURTS of Common Pleas of Blair and Cambria counties, Pa., there will be sold at public sale, at the Highland House, in the borough of Loretto, in the county of Cambria, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1887,

at TEN o'clock, a. m., the one undivided half part of the following described Real Estate, assigned by Robert T. Shields and Ella C., his wife, to the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of said Robert T. Shields.

1.—The undivided half part of all that certain tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Gallitzin, in the county of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining land of estate of F. X. Christy, Francis Donoghue, Sebastian Sibert and William Christy; containing sixty-five acres, more or less. This tract is woodland, well set with hemlock, oak, ash and other timber. This tract is also underlaid with a good quality of bituminous coal. The Cresson and Coalport railroad runs through the land, and the Company has located a Station on the adjoining tract, known as "Dawson's Station."

2.—ALSO, the one undivided half part of all that certain other tract of land situate, lying and being in the Township of Allegheny, in the County of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining land of Francis Parrish, F. A. Storm, William Litzinger, George McGuire, Ambrose Sanker and Franciscan Brothers, containing sixty-six [66] acres, more or less. About thirty-five acres of this tract is woodland, well set with hemlock, pine and other timber. The remaining part of the tract is in a high state of cultivation, and well adapted for farming purposes.

3.—ALSO the one undivided half part of all that certain other lot or piece of land situate, lying and being in the Township of Allegheny, in the County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining land of Peter Sweeny, Franciscan Brothers, bounded in part by Township Road and alley on the west; containing seven [7] acres, more or less. This land is valuable by reason of its proximity to the Borough of Loretto. It is improved and yields good crops.

4.—ALSO, the one undivided half part of all that certain other lot or piece and tract of land situate, lying and being in the Township of Allegheny, in the County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, adjoining land of Franciscan Brothers, Rev. E. N. Bush, W. W. McAteer, and bounded on the east by an alley; containing four [4] acres, more or less. This land produces most excellent grass.

Terms of Sale.

Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid on said Real Estate being knocked down to the purchaser. One-third the purchase money, less ten per cent., to be paid on confirmation of the Sale by the Court, and the balance in six and twelve months, with interest from date of confirmation of sale, to be secured by judgment bonds of the purchaser.

Persons desiring to view the premises will please call on J. E. Shields, residing at Loretto, Pa.

GEORGE F. STREIT,
Assignee of Robert T. Shields and Ella C. his wife, in trust for the creditors of said Robert T. Shields.
Altoona, September 16, 1887.-3t.

NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of David Youngkin, deceased.

GREETING: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judge of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on Monday September 26th 1887, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said David Youngkin, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why a trustee should not be appointed to sell the same.

JOSEPH A. GRAY,
September 15, 1887. 2t. Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration on the estate of Stephen G. Callan, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
A. W. BUCK,
Ebensburg, Pa., Aug. 26, 1887, 6t. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE ORphans' Court, of Cambria County, the subscriber will offer at Public Sale on the premises in the Borough of Chest Springs, in Cambria county, Pa., on

THURSDAY, 20TH DAY OCTOBER 1887.

at ONE o'clock, p. m., the following described Real Estate, situate in the Borough of Chest Springs, Cambria county, bounded and described as follows:

All that certain piece or lot of ground bounded on the East by a street, on the North by lot of Mary Ann Conrad, on the West by an alley, and on the South by an alley.

ALSO—All that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the Borough of Chest Springs, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lots of E. & H. Nutter, and fronting on —— street one side, and an alley on the other side.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, one third of the balance on confirmation of the sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments, with interest on deferred payments, and to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser on the premises.

DR. J. B. NOONAN,
Administrator of James & Susan McMullen.
September 16, 1887.-3t.

ARGUMENT LIST.

1 Exceptions to Sheriff's Deed to T. F. Zimmerman.
2 King..........vs. King
3 Zimmerman..........vs. Goldshine.
4 Shaffer..........vs. Steckman.
5 Litzinger..........vs. Hicks & Sellers.
6 Commonwealth..........vs. Biffinger.
7 Exceptions to Incorporation of Brownstown Borough.
8 Fresh..........vs. Rager.
9 Remonstrance to annexation of part of Stony Creek Township to Johnstown Borough.
10 Wayland..........vs. Patterson.
11 Boland..........vs. Wilson.
12 Hipps & Lloyd..........vs. Craver.
13 Poor Directors..........vs. Baker.
14 Poor Directors..........vs. Thomas.
15 Poor Directors..........vs. Lamb.
16 Youngkin..........vs. C. O. & N. Y. S. R. R. R. Co.
17 John J. Trexler..........vs. Wagner's heirs.
18 Will..........vs. Davis.
19 Sharbaugh..........vs. Luther.
20 Same..........vs. Same.
21 Roberts..........vs. Cambria Land Co.
22 Rule on John C. Gater, ass'n of M. Kessler, to show cause.
23 Knox tp. Supervisor..vs. Poor Directors.
24 Quo Warranto..........vs. John Graham.

H. A. SHOEMAKER,
Sept. 15, 1887. Proth'y.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS AT PRIVATE Sale the following valuable

HOUSE AND LOT,

situate on Main street, of Carrolltown Borough, and in the business centre of the town—opposite the Blum brewery. The house is a large two story building, 32 by 32 feet. Is plastered throughout, weatherboarded and completely finished and as good as new. A good stable on the lot and a never failing well of excelent water. It would answer for dwelling and business house combined, or for a hotel property.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.

For particulars call on or address the owner,

FREDERICK SNYDER,
At the Arlington Hotel, Altoona, Pa
September 16, 1887.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration upon the estate of James and Susan McMullen, late of Chest Springs Borough, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.
J. B. NOONAN,
Adm'r. of James and Susan McMullen, dec'd.
Aug. 19, 6t.

TO THEPEOPLE of EBENSBURG

We hardly think it necessary to warn you against buying Fall goods before seeing what we have got for the coming season. You have learned from past experience that our goods are the best and cheapest and our way of doing business fair and square.

When the proper time comes our Mr. Morris Woolf will visit your town with the largest and handsomest stock of Fall and Winter clothing we ever exhibited and at prices below everybody else. Let no inducement whatever cause you to buy before you inspect our goods. No matter what other merchants promise you we can and will do better. You shall have due notice of the date of Mr. Woolf's visit.

Woolf, Son & Thomas,

Leaders in style and low prices,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

THE BOTTOM
IS REACHED AT LAST.

The largest stock of hardware ever offered in the County can be found at my store. I am now selling many goods at much less than I can replace them for, but I will continue to sell at Bottom Prices until I am compelled to replenish my stock. When you want a cooking or heating stove, tinware hardware, nails, iron, glass, trunks and farming implements, call and see my stock and learn my prices.

Aug 13, '85.

G. HUNTLEY,
HIGH STREET. — — — EBENSBURG

ALL kinds of Job Printing neatly and promptly executed at this office.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
☞ Office in Colonnade Row.

H. H. MYERS.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

GEO. M. READE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office on Centre street, near High

STRAY NOTICE.
A white and red spotted cow, about 4 years old, wearing a bell with copper rivets in strap, strayed away from the premises of the undersigned on June 15, 1887. A reward will be paid for information of her whereabouts.
EPH. DUNMIRE,
July 22, 1887. Glen White P. O., Blair Co., Pa.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Jeremiah McGonigle, late of Hemlock, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them properly probated for settlement.
CHARLES A. McGONIGLE,
Aug. 12, 6t. Adm'r. cum testameto annexo.

ESSENTIAL OILS.
WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, PENNY ROYAL, SPEARMINT, &c.
of prime quality, bought in any quantity for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commission, storage, &c., by
DODGE & OLCOTT.
Importers and exporters, 88 William st., New York

VALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.
The undersigned will sell their farm, situated in Allegheny township, adjoining lands of D. A. McGough, A. J. Sell, Henry Mansfield, and others, containing 118 acres, 60 acres cleared and 58 acres well timbered with oak, hemlock, cucumber and hickory. A good two-story plank house and frame barn, together with all necessary out buildings, a never failing spring of water and a stream of water running through the farm. There is also 75 choice apple, pear and peach trees on the premises. The above property will be sold at a price and terms to suit the purchaser and a good warrantee deed guaranteed.
MARY FURY,
ANN FURY,
June 10, '87. Loretto Postoffice, Pa.

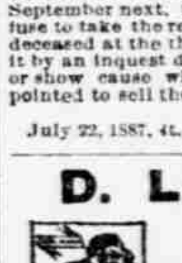
NOTICE!

In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of Bernard Dunegan, deceased.

GREETING: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judge of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of September next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Bernard Dunegan, deceased at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why a trustee should not be appointed to sell the same.

JOSEPH A. GRAY,
July 22, 1887, 4t. Sheriff.

D. LANGELL'S
ASTHMA
AND
CATARRH
REMEDY.



SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians, and receiving no benefit, I was compelled during the last 5 years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath. My sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE FOR ASTHMA AND CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so that the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Please read the following condensed extracts from unsolicited testimonials, all of recent date:

Oliver V. R. Holmes, San Jose, Cal., writes: "I find the Remedy all and even more than represented. I receive instantaneous relief."

E. M. Carson, A. M. Warren, Kan., writes: "Was treated by eminent physicians of this country and Germany; tried the climate of different States—nothing afforded relief like your preparation."

L. B. Phelps, P. M. Griggs, Ohio, writes: "Suffered with Asthma 40 years. Your medicine in 3 minutes does more for me than the most eminent physicians did for me in three years."

H. C. Plimpton, Joliet Ill., writes: "Send Catarrh Remedy at once. Cannot get along without it. I find it the most valuable medicine I have ever tried."

We have many other hearty testimonials of cure or relief, and in order that all sufferers from Asthma, Catarrh, Hay Fever, and kindred diseases may have an opportunity of testing the value of the Remedy we will send to any address TRIAL PACKAGE FREE OF CHARGE. If your druggist fails to keep it do not permit him to sell you some worthless imitation by his representing it to be *just as good*, but send directly to us. Write your name and address plainly.

Address, J. ZIMMERMAN & CO., Props.,
Wholesale Druggists, Wooster, Wayne Co., O.
Full size Box by mail $1.00.
June 24, 1887.-1y.

ALL kinds of Job work neatly an expeditiously executed at this office.

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For Young Men and Boys, Media, Penn
12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense, even books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No examination for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men, and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific, Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Students fitted at Media Academy are now in Harvard, Yale, Princeton and ten other Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. 10 students sent to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 10 in 1885, 10 in 1886. A graduating class in the commercial department every year. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasium and Ball Ground. 1500 vols. added to the Library in 1883. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circular address the Principal and Proprietor, SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A. M., (Harvard Graduate) Media, Pa.

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17 North 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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EBENSURG, PA.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

A man has never good luck who has a bad wife.

A man must ask leave of his stomach to be a happy man.

Man reaps what he sows, but woman often rips what she sews.

The best navigation—steering clear of the rocks of contention.

Birds in their little nests agree, they'd rather not fall out, you see.

Isn't it singular that the product of the still should make men so noisy?

A lawyer rarely has a tooth pulled. He is afraid the dentist may break his jaw.

It takes man longer for to find out man than any other creature that is made.

A man without self-restraint is like a barrel without hoops and tumbles to pieces.

Whoever makes home seem to the young dearer and more happy is a public benefactor.

A mitrailleuse is being tried in the Austrian army which will fire 1,000 bullets in ninety seconds.

Gambling with cards or dice or stocks is all one thing—it is getting money without giving an equivalent for it.

M. Pasteur says he has treated five hundred hydrophobia cases with his cure this year and has lost only one.

There has been an extraordinary increase in the iron and steel imports of this country during the last fiscal year.

A Burlington girl is learning to play the cornet, and her admirers speak of her as "the fairest flower that blows."

One of the original tendencies of the human mind, fundamental and universal, is the love of other people's private affairs.

The horse shoers are now said to be contemplating a strike. It has been understood for some time that they had something on foot.

Little Rock, Ark., boasts of a 7 week-old pickaninny which can say "pa," "ma," "get out and let me alone," "put out the light," etc.

Every man at some period of his life is an egregious fool, but by a wise dispensation of Providence no man knows exactly when that time is.

The only reason the world tolerates a fiddler is because a cat has to be killed to furnish the strings. A cat, dead or alive, is bound to make a noise.

A little East Nashville boy heard his sister say that Adam was the first man, and when he was asked who the first woman was replied Adam's mother."

The boy who was employed to see that the hens were kept away from the garden congratulated himself upon possessing a job that was a shoo—er thing.

If you can get away for a summer vacation it is best to go. If you cannot, you will find great comfort in the reflection that "there is no place like home."

We should not always judge from appearances. It is difficult to tell whether the man who says 'Amen' fervently is devout or glad that the prayer is ended

An old farmer remarked on the streets recently, when asked how his hay was drying, that if it got dry as fast as his workmen it would be ready for the barn as quick as cut down.

A neat proposal of marriage was made by a South Yonkers man the other night, who said; "Now my dear, you say you have $50,000 in your own name; why not put it in mine?"

A Vermont boy learned to make cider brandy in his mother's teapot from the information concerning the "physiological effects of alcohol" contained in one of his obligatory text-books.

There is a girl in Frankfort, Ky., who has invented a way to utilize the movement of a woman's chin so as to make it run a sewing machine, and she will be looked upon as greater than Edison.

Visitor (to "boodler" in penitentiary)—You realize now, my friend, what it is to have gone wrong? Boodler (bitterly)—I do indeed, sir. I should have gone to Canada. Then I would have gone right."

Mount Everest, 29,002 feet above the sea level, is not after all the highest peak of the Himalayan chain. A recent traveler declares that there are two peaks to the northwest of Mount Everest which are much higher.

The cigarette is a paper cylinder filled with tobacco, through which the nicotine cannot percolate and thence it is drawn into the mouth and kills the victim. Smoke a cigar or pipe, allowing the nicotine to evaporate.

New Yorker—"What fresh air you have out here. It's so much fresher than in New York." Farmer— "Jess so! That's just what I was saying to my old woman. Why ain't all these big cities built out in the country?"

Wife—John, why, didn't you wake me up last night during the fire on the next block? Husband—It didn't amount to much. Wife—Well, the next time I wish you would let me know it; you know I can't sleep if there is a fire anywhere near.

MRS. GRUNDY says that milliners are responsible for the new and extraordinary kind of flowers seen on bonnets. "Tis well. Now will somebody inform us who is responsible for the bonnets themselves? That is the villain in whose blood we long to imbrue our hands. We don't blame the women who wear these accursed things; they can't get any others to wear; perhaps they don't know any better than to wear them. But the villain who originated them, he should expect no mercy from a long-suffering public.

I have been for several years a sufferer from hay fever and severe head colds, and have tried other remedies in hope of getting relief but have found none that can compare with Ely's Cream Balm. I would not be without it for any consideration. It is simply wonderful in its effect upon the nasal organs. S. A. Bartt, Wilmington, N. C.

I can cheerfully recommend Ely's Cream Balm to the suffering public for hay fever and stoppage of the air passages. I have tried it and find it gives immediate relief.—J. E. Rector, 205 Rock St., Little Rock, Ark.

KASKINE
THE NEW QUININE.

GIVES
GOOD APPETITE
STRENGTH,
QUIET NERVES,
HAPPY DAYS,
SWEET SLEEP.

A POWERFUL TONIC,
that the most delicate stomach will bear.
A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA,
RHEUMATISM,
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
and all Germ Diseases.

The most scientific and successful Blood Purifier. Superior to quinine.

Mr. F. A. Miller, 539 East 157th street, New York, was cured by Kaskine of extreme malarial prostration after seven years suffering. He had run down from 175 pounds to 97, began on Kaskine in June, 1885, went to work in one month and regained his full weight in six months. Quinine did him no good whatever.

Mr. Gideon Thompson, the oldest and and of the most respected citizens of Bridgport, Conn., says: "I am ninety years of age, and for the last three years have suffered from malaria and the effects of quinine poisoning. I recently began with Kaskine which broke up the malaria and increased my weight 22 pounds.

Mrs. T. A. Solomons, of 159 Halliday St., Jersey City, writes: My son Harry eleven years, was cured of Malaria by Kaskine, after fifteen months' illness, when we had given up all hope.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York.

SINE'S SYRUP WATCHES O' YOU SLEEP

DR. SINE'S SYRUP CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.

"Rough on Rats."
clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs.

Heart Pains.
Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by Wells' Health Renewer.

"Rough on Corns."
Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Buchu-Paiba."
Quick, complete cure, all kidney, bladder and urinary diseases, scalding, irritation, stone, gravel, catarrh of the bladder. $1, druggists.

Bed-Bugs, Flies.
Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Thin People.
"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

"Rough on Pain."
Cures cholera, colic, cramps, diarrhœa, aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. 20c. Rough on Pain Plasters, 15c.

Mothers.
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver.
If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Piles."
Cures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protruding, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure, 50c. Druggists.

Pretty Women.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Itch."
"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

"Rough on Catarrh.
Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic, also unequaled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

The Hope of the Nation.
Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate use "Wells' Health Renewer."

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Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-Paiba." $1

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"Rough on Rats" clears them out, also beetles ants.

For Neuralgia
For Neuralgia
For Neuralgia
For Neuralgia
For Rheumatism
For Rheumatism
For Rheumatism
For Rheumatism
For a Lame Back
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Doctor Thomas' Eclectric Oil
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OVER 1,000,000
BOTTLES SOLD AND NEVER
FAILS TO CURE COUGHS, COLDS,
THROAT AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. PRICE,
25 CTS.
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ALWAYS CURES PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, MERCURIAL AND ALL BLOOD DISEASES
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LEAVES—NORTHWARD.

	No. 1. A. M.	No. 2. A. M.	No. 3. P. M.
Cresson,	9.00	11.10	5.25.
Luckett.	9.07	11.20	5.35
Munster,	9.14	11.29	5.42.
Noel,	9.19	11.35	5.49
Kaylor,	9.24	11.41	5.55.
Bradley,	9.30	11.47	6.02.
Ebensburg,	9.40	12.01	6.15.

LEAVES—SOUTHWARD.

	No. 1. A. M.	No. 2. A. M.	No. 3. P. M.
Ebensburg,	7.05	10.00	3.00
Bradley.	7.15	10.09	3.15.
Kaylor,	7.21	10.15	3.24.
Noel,	7.25	10.20	3.30.
Munster,	7.30	10.25	3.38.
Luckett,	7.36	10.32	3.45.
Cresson,	7.45	10.40	4.00.

Cresson and Coalport R. R. Schedule.

LEAVES—NORTHWARD.

	Mail A. M.	Exp. P. M.
Cresson.	9.10	5.20.
Wildwood	9.28	5.33.
Dawson,	9.32	5.36.
Amsbry,	9.43	5.44.
Ashville,	9.52	5.51.
Millside,	10.00	5.57.
Dysarts,	10.06	6.01.
Condron,	10.10	6.05.
Dean,	10.16	6.09.
Frugality,	10.27	6.17.
Shirley,	10.35	6.23.
Fallen Timber,	10.37	6.25.
Flynn City,	10.49	6.34.
Coalport,	11.01	6.43.
Rosebud,	11.04	6.45.
Irvona,	11.10	6.50

LEAVES SOUTHWARD.

	Mail P. M.	Exp. A. M.
Irvona,	2.20	7.00
Rosebud,	2.26	7.05.
Coalport,	2.28	7.07.
Flyn City,	2.48	7.16.
Fallen Timber,	2.57	7.25.
Shirley,	3.00	7.27.
Frugality,	3.06	7.32.
Dean,	3.15	7.41.
Condron,	3.20	7.45.
Dysart,	3.21	7.49.
Millside,	3.28	7.52.
Ashville,	3.35	8.00.
Amsbry,	3.42	8.05.
Dawson,	3.52	8.14.
Wildwood,	3.55	8.17.
Cresson.	4.10	8.30

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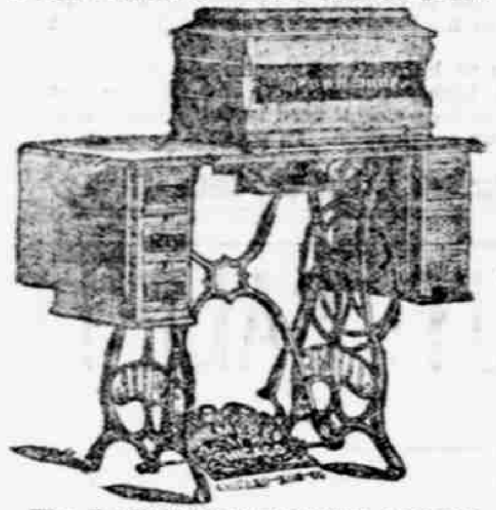

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10. Amos Barton. A Novel. By George Eliot, author of "Adam Bede," "The Mill on the Floss," etc.
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12. The Mystery of the Holly Tree. A Novel. By the Author of "Dora Thorne."
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35. Valerie's Fate. A Novel. By Mrs. Alexander, author of "The Wooing O't," etc.
36. Sister Rose. A Novel. By Wilkie Collins, author of "The Woman in White," etc.
37. Anne. A Novel. By Mrs. Henry Wood, author of "East Lynne."
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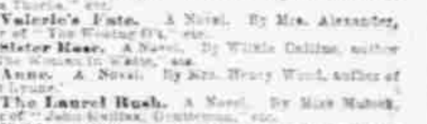
We have arranged with the publishers of these books to furnish the whole forty-five with one year's subscription to our paper for $1.95; or we will send any five for 25 cts., or the whole forty-five for $1.50. Address all orders to publishers of "FREEMAN," Ebensburg, Pa.

ROBERT EVANS,



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A full line of Caskets always on hand.
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Apr 30 86

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEORGE P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Newspapers. 100-page pamphlet, 10c.

Care of Young Turkeys.

The young turkey is very tender in its first stages, but is very hardy when matured. Young turkeys cannot be fed like chicks, as they are as dainty in the choice of their food as young wild birds, and a mistake of a single day may destroy them all. In feeding them it must be kept in view that they make rapid growth of feathers, and food well adapted for the production of feathers should always be fed. They should have meat every day, but at times they will refuse it. They seem to have a preference for food of a white color and are very fond of milk and curds. Stale bread soaked in milk and also plenty of curds, is the best food for them at first. Some advise feeding hard-boiled eggs, but such food usually results in various bowel diseases. Onions, chopped very fine, with the tops included, are highly relished but little troughs of wheat and chopped meat should be placed before them every day, in order to induce them to begin on such food as soon as possible. Dampness is fatal to young turkeys. They should never be allowed to go in the damp grass, or get wet. The main cause of loss is lice, which come from the hens, and right here we will say that nearly all kinds of adult fowels have lice, even when seemingly free from the pests. Not only the little red mites attack young turkeys, but the large graybody lice soon begin on them. As young turkeys die very suddenly when attacked by lice, it is best not to wait until they begin to droop before using precautions, for then it will be too late in a majority of cases, but search them every morning. Should a single louse be seen, grease the heads, necks and vents with lard (using the smallest possible quantity), and dust the bodies well with Persian insect powder. Do the same with the hen.

Humanity in Snakes.

"I believe some snakes have a sort of human feeling, says John Withrow, for one day not long ago, while I was crossing a field on the hill, I heard a rustling in the grass. I looked and saw something that made my hair stand up so straight that my hat fell off my head. Not more than ten feet away was a black snake over eight feet long. The snake looked at me a moment, thrashed the ground with its tail, cavorted around in a circle, looked at me again, and then moved away in the direction I was going.

"I was so paralyzed at what I saw that I stood still like a balky horse. The snake came back, and after going going through the same perfomance as before, he ran away again.

"That's mighty queer' says I to myself. I wonder what ails that snake.' Again the snake came back, thrashed and cavorted around and looked in my eyes. This time I had courage to look more steadily, and I noticed a sort of appealing look in his eyes. I followed the reptile, which ran ahead to show me the way. He led me to a big log at the end of the field.

"Under that log was the snake's mate, He wanted me to extricate him. I lifted one end of the log, the snake crawled out, and both of them streaked away.

"The next morning as I was eating breakfast, I heard a knock at the door, I opened the door and there were the two black snakes. They had a big fat rabbit and a pair of partridges. They crawled into the kitchen, got up on a chair, laid the game on the table, and left the house. They had knocked at the door with their tails.

"Now, if you don't call that human nature and instinct, then I'd like to know what human nature and instinct are."

A Base Ball Sermon.

The Rev. Mr. Woolsack, popularly known as "The Deacon," in his sermon up the creek last sunday, as reported in the Oil City Derrick, made a few remarks pertinent to base ball. Pointing out of the window at a game in progress on the adjoining Wilson flats, he said: "See that loafer with the bird cage on his head standing like a straddle-bug behind the bat. He is not desecrating the Sabbath day by playing ball, because he isn't playing ball. He can't play. He imagines he can, of course and goes through all the painful contortions of a real player, but the devil's score book he is charged ten times over for every error he makes, and a nice record he will have when the season is over and the time for his eternal rest should be at hand. It will be a sorry rest for him."

Just then some one made a long hit and a shout went up from the crowd.

"Yes, hoopla!" yelled the deacon, raising his voice above the din, "hoopla till the cows come home, but unless you raise your voices in hosannas to the Lord you will never reach the shining home plate of everlasting life. That was a long hit to center, and I give his nibs there credit for taking it in, but the devil will take him in just as slick on the last inning of all. You may send in your curved balls, and smash the leather in the nose to the right or to the left field; you may steal from bag to bag and slide in home on your pantaloons, but finally you will get a goose egg in the kingdom to come. Aye, pound on the pearly gates with your base ball bat, if there is a shadow of a Sunday game on it down to the eternal roast you go Saint Peter careth not whether you belong to the Snapdragons or Whangdoodles; if you swing your festive willow and pound the balls Sunday saltpetre will not save you. There goes another long hit to the left, and another howl goes up from the assembled multitude of dudes and loafers. Chase the ball; aye, leg it until your ungodly heels beat a tattoo on your coat tails, but my word for it the devil will never get away from your elbow. Old Clootie is a base-runner and a ball-chaser himself, and he will stay with you until his own dominions freeze over and have to be abandoned for an ice pond." The deacon made a few more remarks, exhorting his hearers to shun the seductive ball-field and the trout pond Sunday, and announced services next Sabbath morning and evening at the red school house in Sugar creek.

HEARTLESS CRUELTY
it is to delude a poor sufferer into the belief that some worthless liniment will cure rheumatism and neuralgia. Honesty is the best policy in the manufacture of proprietary articles as in all other matters, and the fact that the proprietors of Athlophoros have never claimed for it even all its merit would warrant has not a little to do with its wonderful popularity, and the thousands of grateful testimonials received by them show that their policy has been wise as well as right.

Experience has amply demonstrated that mere outward applications are worthless. The disease has its seat in the blood, and any remedy to be successful must deal with the obstructive acid which poisons and inflames it.

Athlophoros acts on the blood, muscles and joints directly. It takes the poison out of the blood and carries it out of the system; it invigorates the action of the muscles and limbers the stiffness of the joints. It reaches the liver and kidneys, cleansing them from irritating substances, and, if followed up after the rheumatic conditions cease, it will restore these organs to regularity and health.

West Chazy, N. Y., Aug. 19, 1886.
Yours of August 14th, is at hand, and in reply would say that Athlophoros proved the most effectual remedy for neuralgia in the case of my son that I ever tried. After using half a bottle he was not troubled any more for six months.
HENRY HARRIS.

Mt. Pleasant, Pa., Aug. 10, 1886.
I am thankful that I tried Athlophoros. I had rheumatism seven years, part of the time could not move; but to-day I am well and hearty. I write this hoping some other sufferer may try it.
W. S. FLEMING.

Every druggist should keep Athlophoros and Athlophoros Pills, but where they cannot be bought of the druggist the Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall St., New York, will send either (carriage paid) on receipt of regular price, which is $1.00 per bottle for Athlophoros and 50c. for Pills.

For liver and kidney diseases, dyspepsia, indigestion, weakness, nervous debility, diseases of women, constipation, headache, impure blood, &c., Athlophoros Pills are unequaled.

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CANDEE
RUBBER
BOOTS
—AND—
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Enlarged and finished in oil colors, from any kind of a small picture. No experience required; four orders a day gives the agent $60 weekly profit. Send for terms and full particulars. $3.00 outfit free.
H. W. KELLEY, 711 Sansom St., Phila., Pa.
(Mention this Paper.)

FREE TO YOU.

For 25 cents we will send the FAMILY VISITOR for SIX months. This paper has been published five years, contains 32 columns of valuable reading, containing illustrated stories, poetry, hints and helps for the household, practical recipes, ladies' fancy work, and other features. In addition we will send free by mail a Linen and Stationery Marker, consisting of a handsome Rubber Initial mounted on a handle, and a bottle of Indelible Ink and Pad, packed in a strong, neat box. This is an invaluable little article and marks linen and stationery beautifully and indelibly. Mark your collars, cuffs and household linen. You can use it to stamp notebooks and envelopes [illegible] Address at once, enclose 25c. in stamps or Postal Note and receive [illegible] by return mail. THE FAMILY VISITOR, Philadelphia, Penna.

ROAD TO RUIN
a beautiful Temperance Picture. Old and young may look at it and earnestly contemplate how it shows the first step, first drink, wages of death, curse of drinking, destroyer of homes, signing the pledge, reformation, and the nature and effects of drinking, with much valuable and useful information. Endorsed by Mrs. Frances E. Willard and others of the W. C. T. U. It is not a chromo, but a genuine work of art. Printed in six colors on plate paper, 22x28, mounted on rollers ready to hang on the wall.
AGENTS WANTED. The Sold is clear. Temperance people everywhere will buy and encourage the selling of it. Simply show it and it sells itself. Satisfy yourself and send 50c. for sample copy and terms to agents. Address H. W. KELLEY, 711 Sansom St., Phil'd'a, Pa. Mention this paper.

TUTT'S PILLS
25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!
SYMPTOMS OF A
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Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and
CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.
They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N. Y.
TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR or WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

NOT DEAD YET!
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,
Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.
No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.
TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.
Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices. V. LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

Important to Canvassers.
WANTED—Live Canvassers in every county in the United States to sell FOX'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SAD IRON, which combines two Sad Irons, Polisher, Fluter, &c., one iron doing the work of an entire set of ordinary irons. Is self-heating by gas or alcohol lamp. DOES AWAY WITH HOT KITCHENS. Price moderate. A large and lasting income insured to good canvassers. Address, for circulars, &c., FOX SAD IRON CO., 95 Reade St., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED to canvass for one of the largest, oldest-established, best known Nurseries in the country. Most liberal terms. Unequaled facilities. Prices low. Geneva Nursery. Established 1846. W. & T. SMITH, Geneva, N. Y.

Warranted the most perfect Force-Feed Fertilizer Drill in existence. Send for circular.
A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

The Cobra and the Mouse.

I was visiting at a friend's house in Calcutta, and was on this evening sitting at dinner alone. The table had been some time waiting for the host, and I had at last received a note that he was not coming home, so I sat down alone. I had finished dinner and was still lingering at the table, when a little mouse ran up on the top of a bowl with a sort of basket work cover on it. I should not have thought that itself very singular, for "tribes on our frontier" made most unexpected incursions. But when he got perched on the cover of the bowl the little fellow rose upon his hind legs, with his hands before him, and began to entertain me with the funniest little mouse song you can imagine. "Chit-chit, cheep-cheep-chit," he whistled, and kept it up before me in a most unembarrassed and self-possessed little way. I must have been a trying audience for I leant back in my chair and roared with laughter. As I looked at the little performer I gradually became aware of a shadow, something strange gliding out from behind a dish toward the mouse. Silently and slowly it neared the mouse; in another minute a beady snake's eye glittered in the lamplight.

My hand stole softly for the carving knife. The snake reared his head level with the mouse, and the poor little fellow's song, which had never ceased, became piercingly shrill, though he sat up rigidly erect and motionless. The head of the snake drew back a little to strike, and out flashed the carving knife. The spell was broken instantly, for the mouse dropped and scampered. The snake was wounded for there were spots of blood on the tablecloth, and was writhing about among the dishes and plates. I could not make a bold stroke at any part of it for fear of breaking the crockery, and whenever I made a dig with the point it was like priking the garter. I would not have believed, until I had seen it, how much of himself a snake can stow away under the edge of a plate. At last I saw the end of his tail projecting from under a dish. A snake held by the tail and swung rapidly around cannot turn back and bite. I grabbed the tail with the left thumb and finger, and drew him out until I had judged the middle of his body to be under the knife; then I came down and cut him in two. Here was another cobra—a little one about two feet long, but quite long enough to "gravel" a man.

Pin Money for Wives.

Among the poor, particularly the thrifty and industrious poor, the woman of the household, be she wife or daughter, has much more control in dispensing the daily or weekly wage than women on a higher social plane; men of brawn, when sensible and kindly, practice a more generous rule of conjugal partnership than is usual among men of brain, though these latter's earnings are on such a scale of plenty that unless we look below the surface regulations and equipments of the home we fail to discover the false financial relations that exist between husband and wife. For wives, as a class, have no spending money, and are rarely cognizant of their husbands' true business condition. Is this just to the being a man has promised to honor as well as to love? Women are accused of being "mean" and any one who has ever served on a collecting committee knows how, in forming a list of possible subscribers, name after name is omitted with the remark, "No use going to her, she nevers gives," or "She has no money," and yet the husband of "she" is invariably a man of means or ample professional income, who pays extravagant household and personal bills for his family, usually with willing good nature. It is only when money is asked for that a tightening of the purse strings instinctively takes place, and the unblushing query is made: "Why, little woman, what did you do with the $5 I gave you last week?" We have heard such a question put to a beloved wife by a man whose yearly expenses were at least $20,000, and who the next week gave the same wife valuable diamond ear-rings, and always encouraged her to dress extravagantly and live luxuriously.

PASSENGERS AMUSED.—Among the passengers on the St. Louis Express was a woman very much over-dressed, accompanied by a bright looking nurse-girl and a self-willed, tyranical boy of three years.

The boy aroused the indignation of the passengers by his continued shrieks and kicks and screams, and his viciousness toward the patient nurse. He tore her bonnet, scratched her hands, and finally spat in her face without a word of remonstrance from the mother.

Whenever the nurse manifested any firmness, the mother would chide her sharply, and say,—

"Let him have it, Mary. Let him alone."

Finally the mother composed herself for a nap, and about the time the boy had slapped the nurse for the fiftieth time, a wasp came sailing in and flew on the window of the nurse's seat. The boy at once tried to catch it.

The nurse caught his hand, and said, coaxingly,—

"Harry mustn't touch! Bug will bite Harry!"

Harry screamed savagely, and began to kick and pound the nurse.

The mother without opening her eyes or lifting her head, cried out, sharply,—

"Why will you tease that child so, Mary? Let him have what he wants at once."

"But ma'am, its a—"

"Let him have it, I say."

Thus encouraged, Harry clutched the wasp and caught it. The yell, that followed brought tears of joy to the passengers.

The mother woke again.

"Mary!" she cried, "Let him have it."

Mary turned in her seat, and said, confusedly,—

"He's got it, ma'am!"

ONE of the original tendencies of the human mind, fundamental and universal, is the love of other people's private affairs.

TAKE
SIMMONS
LIVER
REGULATOR
FAULTLESS FAMILY MEDICINE

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for many years, having made it my only Family Medicine. My mother before me was very partial to it. It is a safe, good and reliable medicine for any disorder of the system, and if used in time is *a great preventive of sickness.* I often recommend it to my friends, and shall continue to do so.
"Rev. James M. Rollins,
"Pastor M. E. Church, So. Fairfield, Va."

TIME AND DOCTORS' BILLS SAVED *by always keeping Simmons Liver Regulator in the house.*

"I have found Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine I ever used for anything that may happen, have used it in *Indigestion, Colic, Diarrhœa, Biliousness,* and found it to relieve immediately. After eating a hearty supper, if, on going to bed, I take about a teaspoonful, I never feel the effects of the supper eaten.
"OVID G. SPARKS,
"Ex-Mayor Macon, Ga."

ONLY GENUINE
Has our Z Stamp on front of Wrapper.
J. H. Zeilin & Co., Sole Proprietors,
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PHOSPHATE
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Its sales during the past year have exceeded all previous years, and we look forward to an unprecedented demand this year for this and our other brands of RAW BONE MANURES.

If your dealer has none of our goods on hand, send your orders direct to us.

Send your orders in early and you will not be compelled to wait when the season is fully upon us.

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BAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE
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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
the popular favorite for dressing the hair, Restoring color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

PARKER'S TONIC
The best Cough Cure you can use, And the best preventive known for Consumption. It cures bodily pains, and all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Urinary Organs and all Female Complaints. The feeble and sick, struggling against disease, and slowly drifting towards the grave, will in most cases recover their health by the timely use of PARKER'S TONIC, but delay is dangerous. Take it in time. Sold by all Druggists in large bottles at $1.00.

HINDERCORNS
The safest, surest, quickest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, Warts, Moles, Callouses, &c. Hinders their further growth. Stops all pain. Gives no trouble. Makes the feet comfortable. Hindercorns cures when everything else fails. Sold by Druggists at 15c. Hiscox & Co., N. Y.

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Carriage Making in all its Branches.
Painting, Trimming
and REPAIRING of all kinds done on the SHORTEST NOTICE and the LOWEST PRICES. Also, Planing, Sawing and Wood Turning with improved machinery. Also, all kinds of heavy work done. Carriage smith shop connected
All parties trusting me with work will be honorably dealt with. All work warranted.
D. M. CRUTE.
Ebensburg, October 24, 1884.

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THE SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL AT PRIVATE SALE FIFTY ACRES of land in Allegheny township, adjoining lands of D. C. Moore, William Tomlinson and other lands of the subscriber, with a good water saw mill, and timber enough on the land to pay for it. There are also two log houses that could be fixed up to live in, and some good meadow ground. Eleven hundred dollars will buy it, and the subscriber will take $300 of the purchase money in sawing.
FRANCIS MORAN.
Allegheny township, June 4, 1887.

ST. FRANCIS' COLLEGE,
LORETTO, PA,
IN CHARGE OF
FRANCISCAN BROTHERS.
Board and Tuition
for the Scholastic Year, $200.
March 26th, 1886. tf.

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CONSUMPTION
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

WE want SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once, and state salary wanted. STANDARD SILVERWARE COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good.
Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
Farquhar's Standard Engines & Saw Mills.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.

Invalids and Long Life.

Care is a prime condition of continued health, even in persons who are physically vigorous, but up to middle life, the recuperative force is so strong and active that carelessness is the rule. Hence persons who ought to live fourscore years and over, die at the of sixty or under.

When, however, one is stricken with disease which naturally ends in death, this care is imperative. [illegible] patient's life may be prolonged many years, while a single [illegible] ness may precipitate a fatal result.

The consumptive—not neglecting medical aid—may do much toward holding his disease in check; perhaps may eradicate it. Let him spend a large part of his time in the open air and sunshine; take gentle exercise daily; keep the function of the skin active, by means of friction night and morning, and the bowels in healthy good order; and [illegible] guard against taking cold. To settle back feebly into the arm chair of a sick room and depend on the medicines of a physician—even the best physician in the world—is to hasten the progress of the disease.

Most people, when informed that the heart is seriously effected, [illegible] was but a step between them and death, but the heart is a very strong organ, and even when greatly [illegible] weakened, can manage, with the intelligent co-operation of the patient, to keep the blood carrying life through the arteries for many years. [illegible] to force the blood through a [illegible] opening not much larger than a goose-quill; and this it does by working harder, thus causing its own enlargement.

But the enlargement may at length cause a dangerous thinning of some portion of its walls. Sometimes the walls of the aorta—the large arterial trunk into which the heart empties—lose their elasticity, and swell out into a great thin tumor (aneurism). [illegible] tough fibres of the heart are changed to fat. In such cases a fatal termination may be long delayed by avoiding all excitement.

So, too, the diabetic patient may [illegible] out a good measure of life, provided he is willing to abstain rigidly from certain kinds of food.

Every one knows how fatal Bright's disease is, and yet Bright himself, whose researches respecting it have given his name to it, said, fifty years ago, "with care, life may sometimes be prolonged many years, and without [illegible] materially shortened." The experience of half a century has confirmed and emphasized this truth.

"Bluebeard" with Western Variations.

Old Bud Jackson, one of the [illegible] of Montana, lost his fourth wife, and came over into Dakota for a fifth. He met and married the widow [illegible] a frail, gentle looking little woman who had just been left a widow for the third time and seemed crushed [illegible] by her losses. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson wended their way to Bud's Montana home, and as the gushing bridegroom led his bride into his lovely [illegible] room, and introduced her to his [illegible] dogs, he said tenderly: "You must remember, Mrs. Jackson, that I am boss here. Don't you never forget it. The four dear companions that I've laid away mighty soon found that out. All I ever had to do, was to crook my finger and they come a-runnin' [illegible] what I wanted. There wan't no [illegible] back nor askin' questions. You see that ox gad up there? Well, that's the little arbytrator that useter settle all slight diff'rences I ever had with the four dear companions that are gone. They ginerally sukkumed after [illegible] six licks, an' I hope you'll be equally obeejent. Now, s'posen you take my boots and clean 'em up an' grease 'em. They've got mighty muddy while I was on our tower. Clean 'em up [illegible] I'm mighty pertickler 'bout my boots, and I'd hate to take that air gad down the fust day you was in your new home. Come an' pull off the boots." The [illegible] sad-eyed little bride did not move. [illegible] pretty lips began to tremble and [illegible] gentle bosom heaved. "You come," roared Jackson. "Hev I got to take down that air gad? Oh, yer [illegible] eh?" She came. She snatched [illegible] the gad on her way, and [illegible] and eyes that twinkled merrily [illegible] landed within two feet of [illegible] had faced wild-cats and hyenas, [illegible] never anything like this. A [illegible] ensued; it was short, fierce and [illegible] It ended in Bud crawling under the [illegible] and as his wife prodded him with [illegible] handle she gayly shouted: "Ye [illegible] tonereeut thing, ye! Hain't ye no sense ter to raise the dander of [illegible] Jackson, her that never did no [illegible] will take a word of sass from any [illegible] living. Ye'd better crawl under [illegible] Ye'd better crawl clean through [illegible] wall: Oh ye'll holler 'nuff, hey? [illegible] you go and cut a month's supply of [illegible] wood 'fore you show yer face in this cabin agin. I'll learn ye who's boss here!"

A SINGULAR RAT STORY.—In the rear of a certain house some miles out of town there is a small outbuilding used as a wash house and summer kitchen. One day an old rat was seen to come out from under it, which from his peculiar appearance attracted attention. His ears were ragged and partly gone, his tail was skinned and sore, and he appeared generally used up. He moved slowly and carefully, and after watching him for a while it was seen that he was blind. Another smaller rat came out soon, and busied himself about the old one, bringing him bits of food and keeping near him constantly. A dog barked across the street, and instantly there was a commotion. The younger one jumped towards his blind companion, another rat came to his assistance, and the two seized the old fellow by the ears, one on each side, and dragged him quickly under the shed out of danger. He was evidently an old patriarch of the family, and his well-worn appendages were evidence of the frequent anxiety of his friends for his safety. The above is a true as well as a curious story.—[illegible] (Conn.) News.